

Accelerated 3D Isotropic mecho-UTE using CG-SENSE & Deep Learning-Based Denoising Reconstruction (DLR)

Hung Do¹, Dawn Berkeley¹, Brian Tymkiw¹, Wissam AlGhuraibawi¹, Mo Kadbi¹

¹Canon Medical Systems USA, Inc.

Acknowledgement to:

Mr. Mitshuhiro Bekku

Canon Medical Systems, Japan

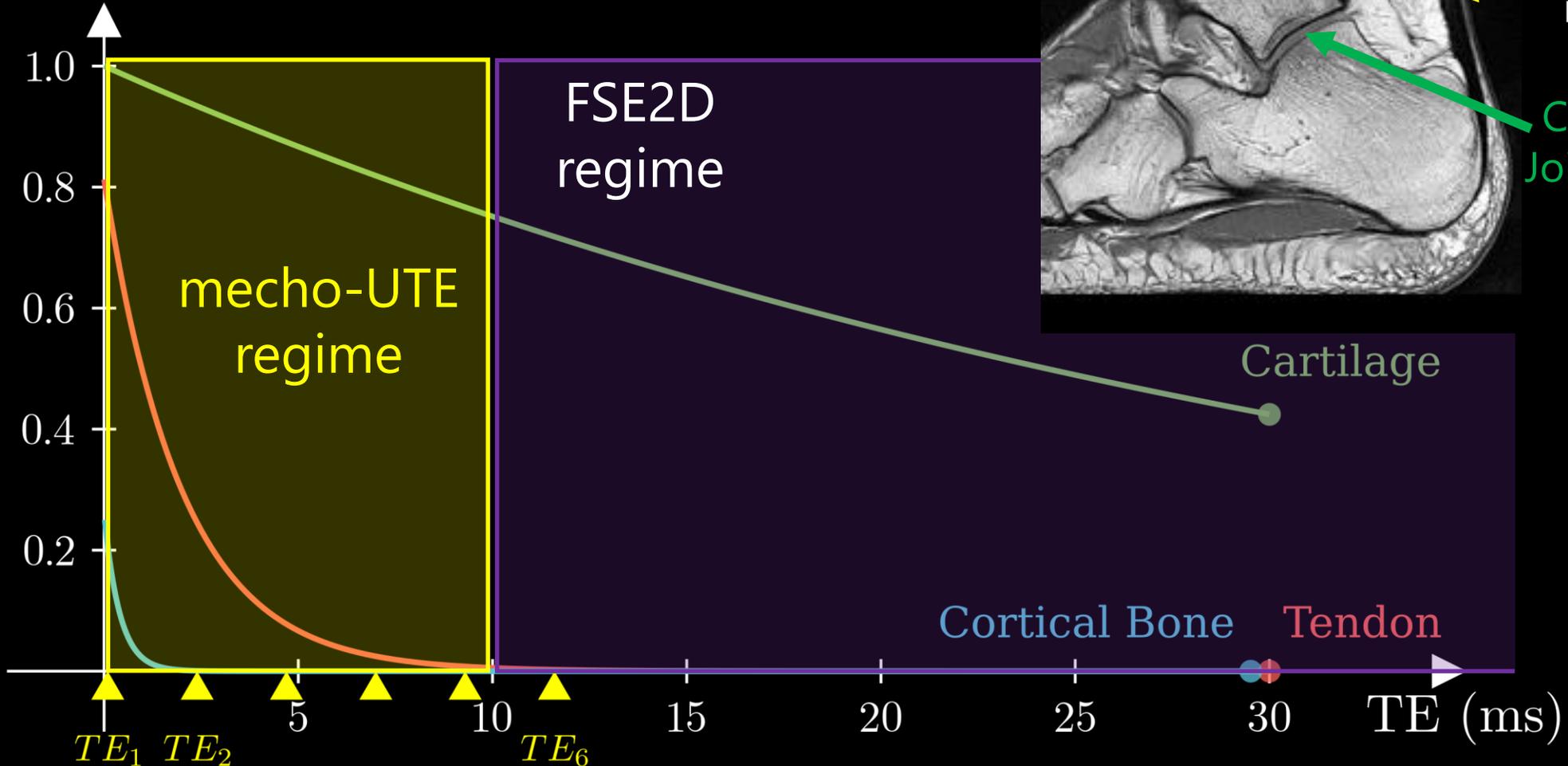


Declaration of Financial Interests or Relationships

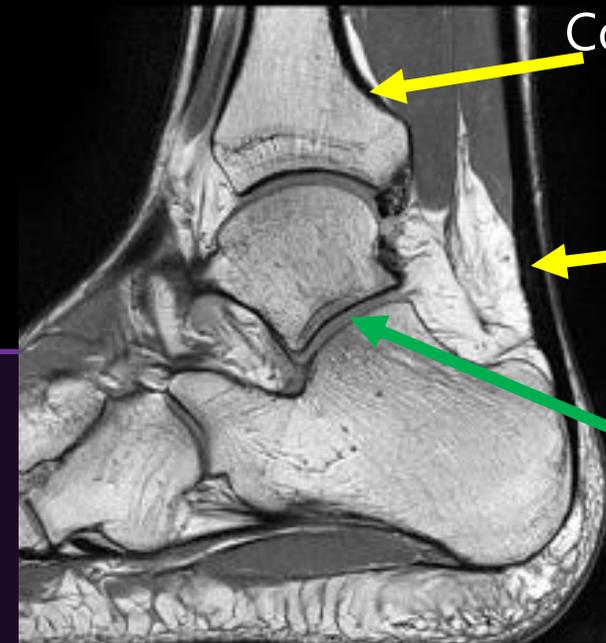
Speaker Name: **Hung P. Do, PhD MSEE**
Company Name: **Canon Medical Systems USA, Inc.**
Type of Relationship: **Employer**

Comprehensive MSK Imaging

MR Signal (a.u.)



Routine FSE2D

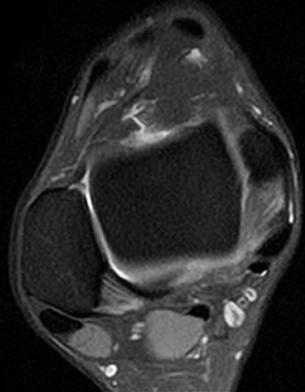


Cortical Bone is *invisible*

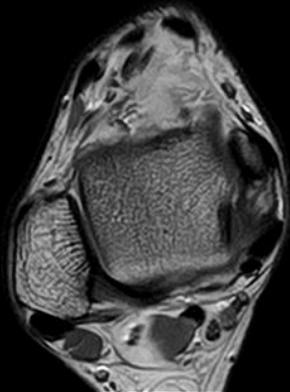
Achilles Tendon is *invisible*

Cartilage, Joint Space

Routine
FSE2D



AX PD FS



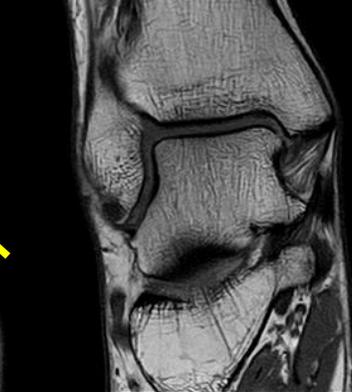
AX PD



SAG T2 FS

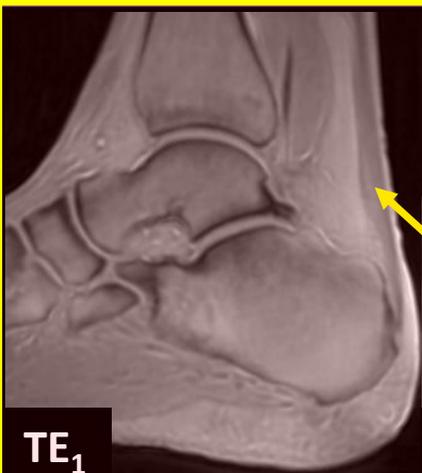


SAG PD

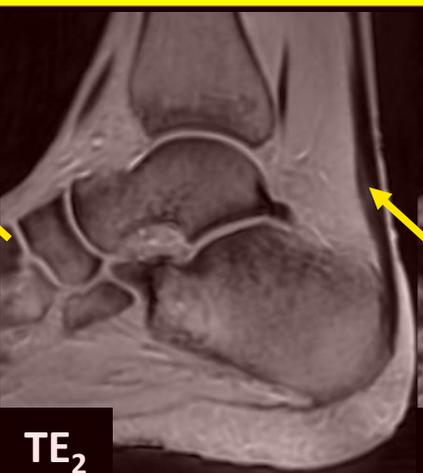


COR T1

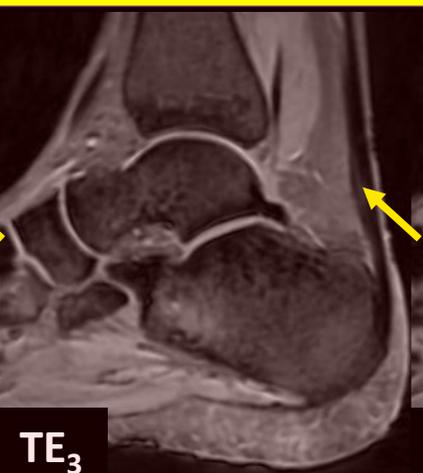
3D
Isotropic
mecho-
UTE



TE₁



TE₂



TE₃



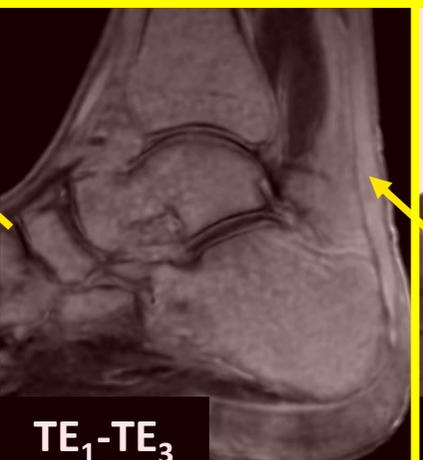
TE₄



T₂* map



TE₁-TE₂



TE₁-TE₃



SAG Acquired



AX MPR



COR MPR

Goal: Improve IQ and Accelerate mecho-UTE using CG-SENSE and DLR, allowing it to be acquired in clinically relevant scan time

MSK Conditions

X-ray

Soft-tissue

Bone

Soft-tissue & Bone

Soft-tissue & Bone
in Appropriate Situations

MRI

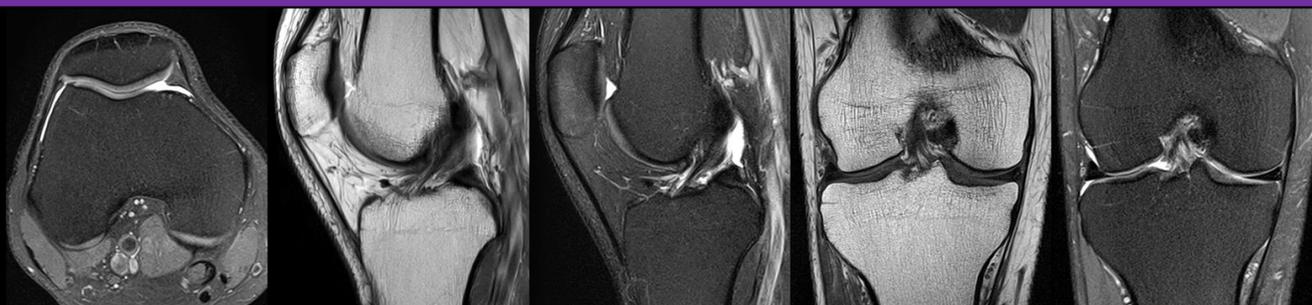
CT

MRI & CT

MRI Only?

- Challenges associated with UTE/ZTE**
- Low resolution
 - Long acquisition time
 - Tradeoff between SNR, Resolution, and Scan time

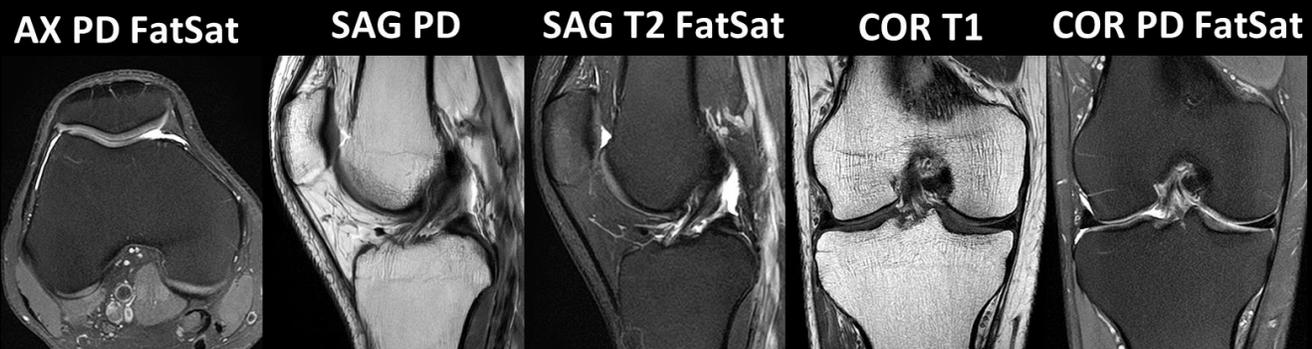
~15min 2NAQ
without DLR



(1) Clinical Routine MSK

~15min Conventional FSE2D MSK

~7.5min 1NAQ
with DLR



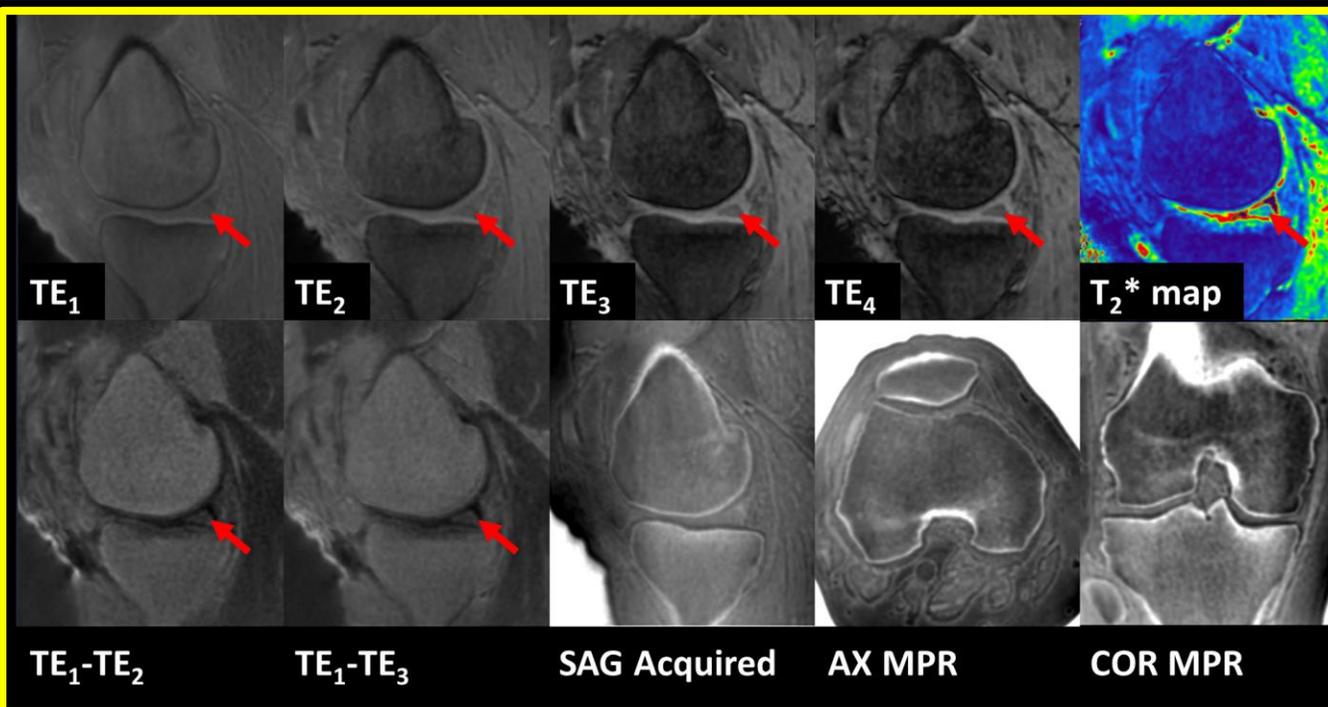
(2) Previous Work
(Comprehensive MSK)

~7.5min FSE2D
w/ DLR

~5min
mecho-
UTE

2-3
min

~5min 0.8mm³
[rec. 0.4mm³]
3D isotropic
4-echo-UTE

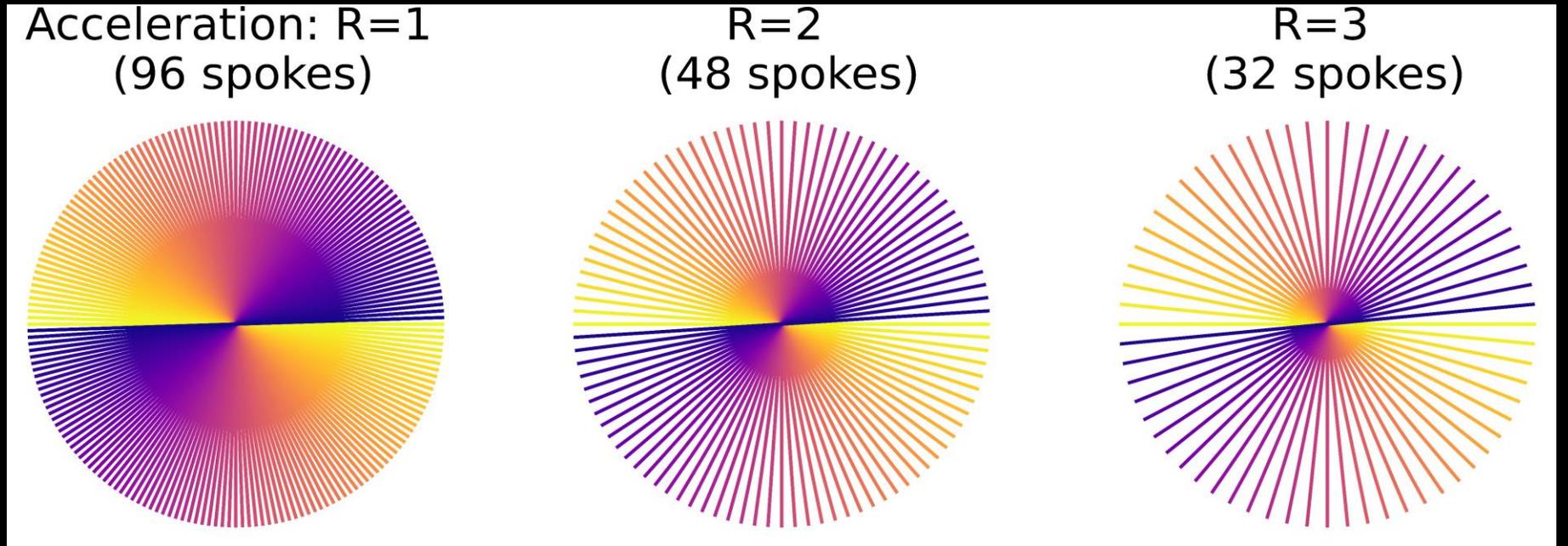


(3) Conjugate Gradient
SENSE (CG-SENSE) &
Deep Learning-based
Denoising Reconstruction
(DLR)

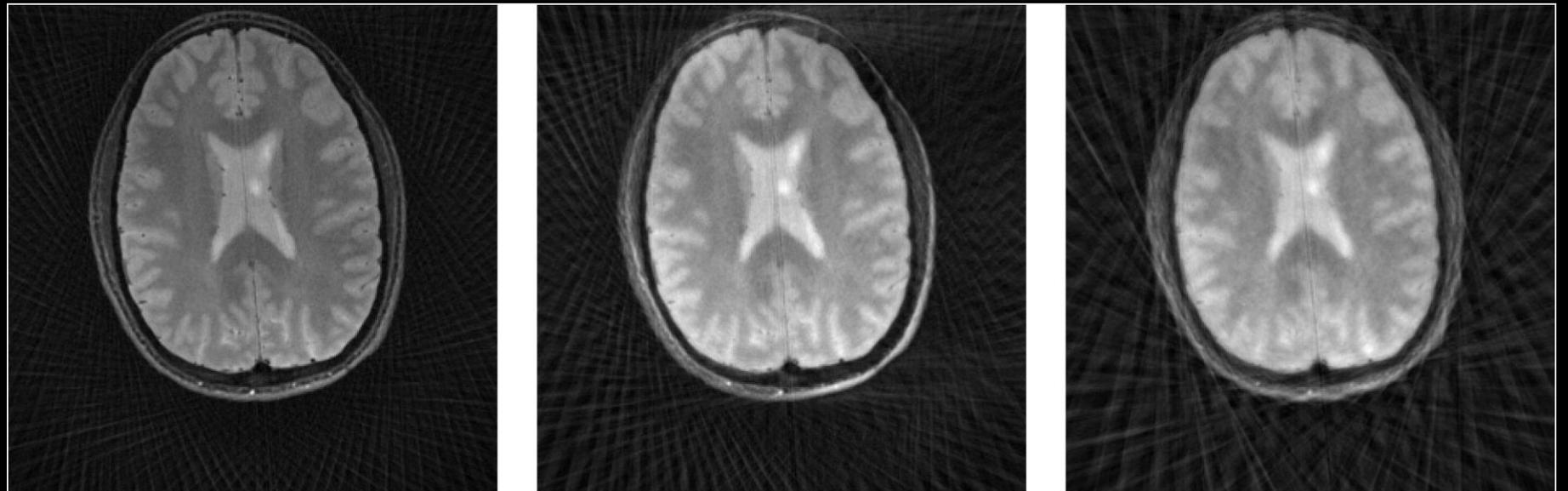
CG-SENSE

*Conjugate Gradient
SENSE: Parallel Imaging
for arbitrary k-space*

Radial
k-space
trajectories



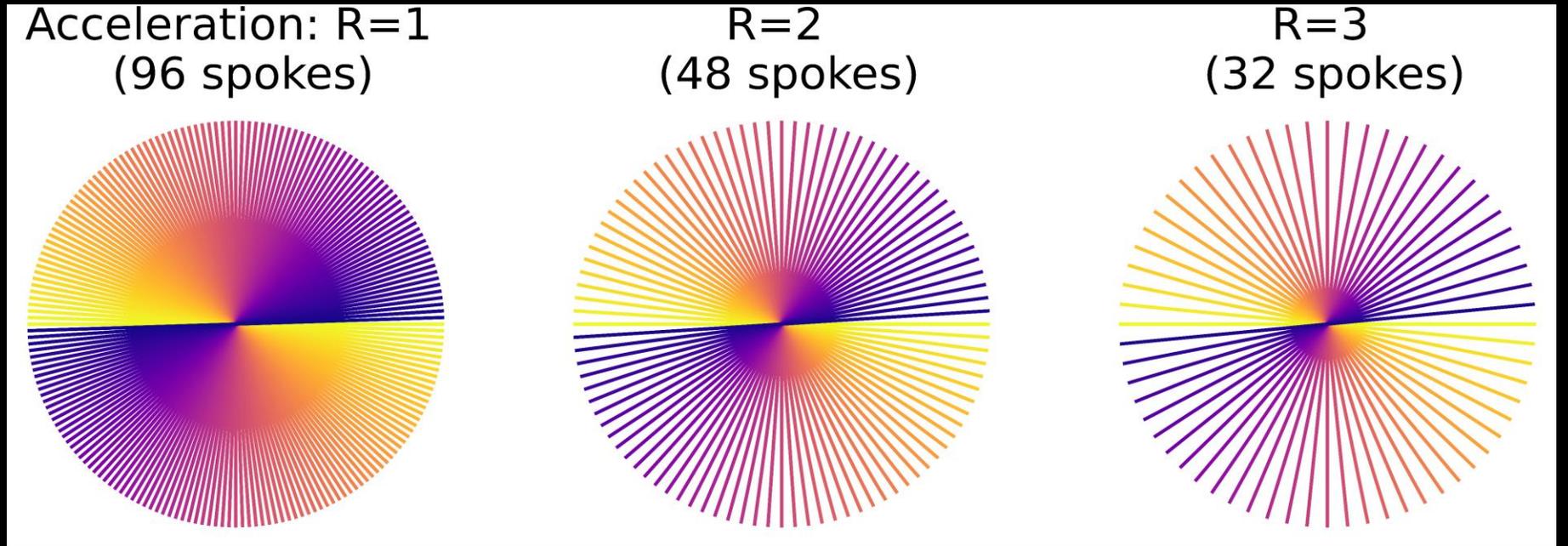
Gridding
reconstruction



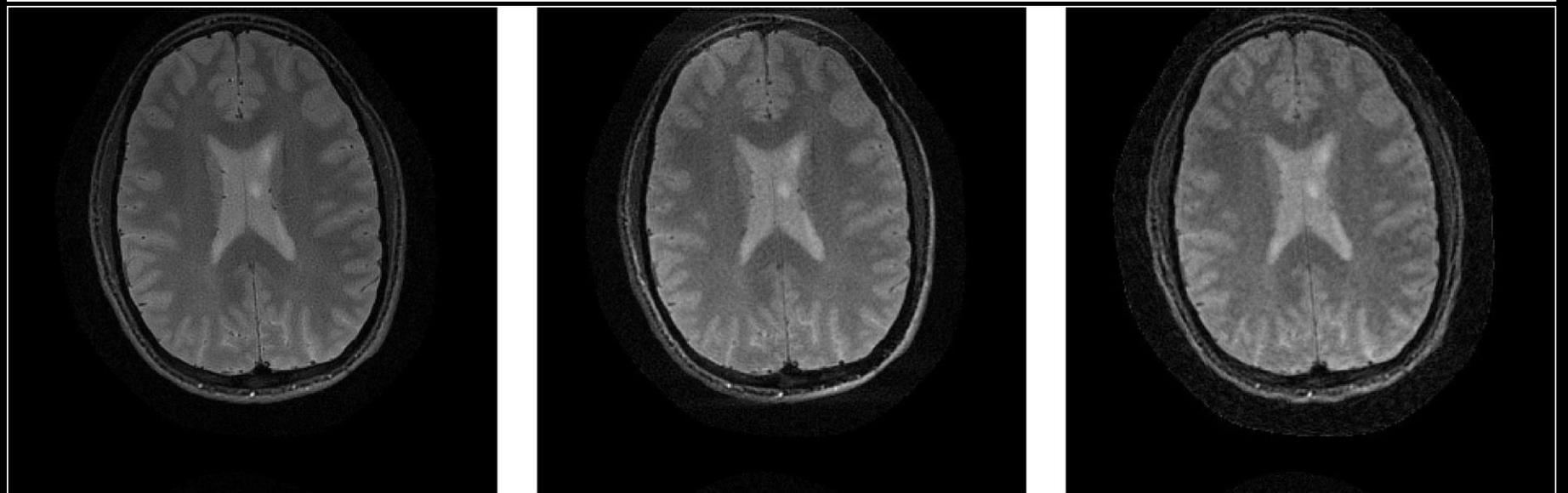
CG-SENSE

*Conjugate Gradient
SENSE: Parallel Imaging
for arbitrary k-space*

Radial
k-space
trajectories



CG-SENSE
reconstruction



Methods

Healthy Subjects (1 Shoulder and 4 Knees) were scanned using a **Vantage Galan 3T MRI (Canon Medical Systems, Tochigi, Japan)**

5-min mecho-UTE

3-min mecho-UTE

2-min mecho-UTE

Each was reconstructed:

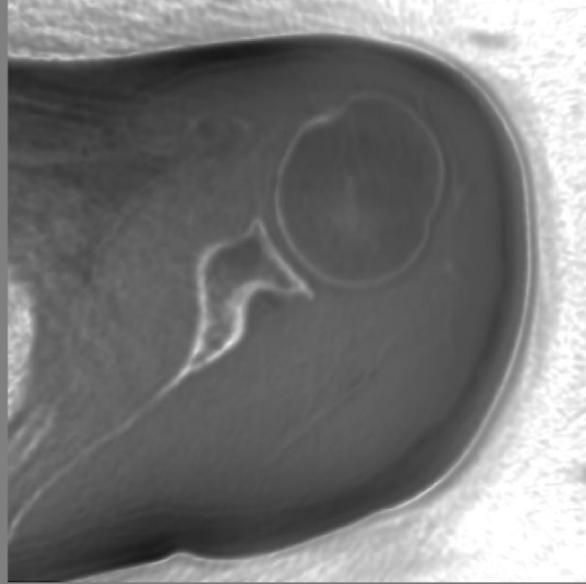
- **Gridding** *i.e., conventional recon*
- **CG-SENSE & DLR**

Qualitative and Quantitative comparisons:

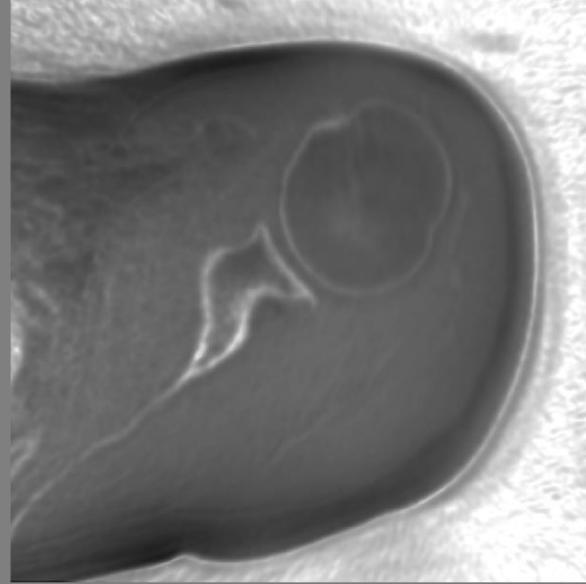
- **Visual inspection**
- **Image Resolution: Full-Width at Half-Maximum (FWHM)**
- **Image Sharpness: Relative Edge Sharpness (RESH)**
- **Tendon's Quantitative T2* Values**

CT-like Images

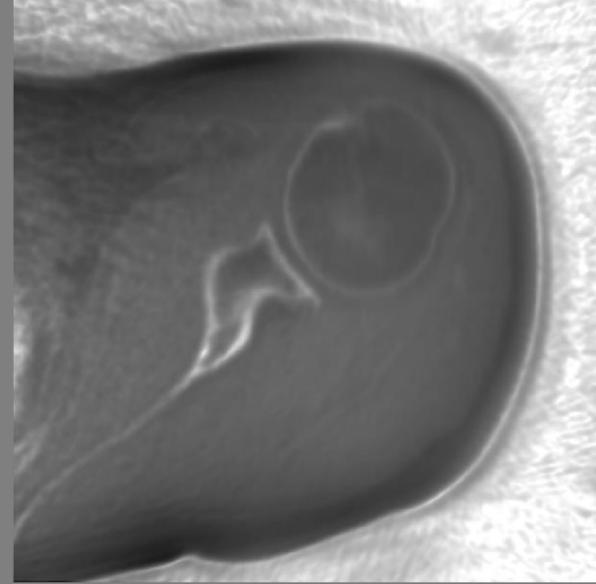
5-min Gridding



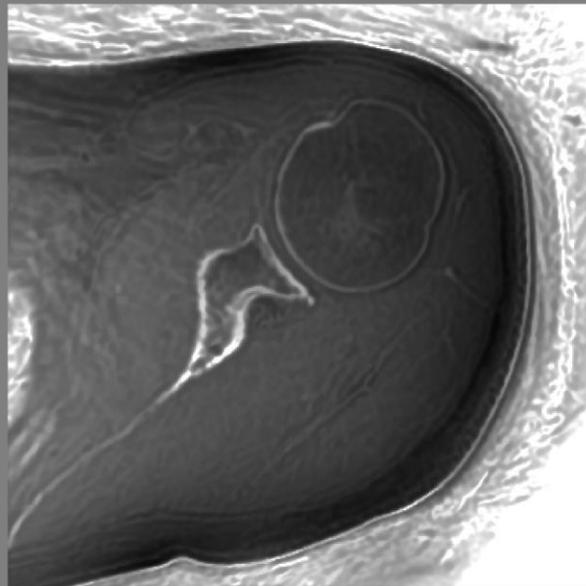
3-min Gridding



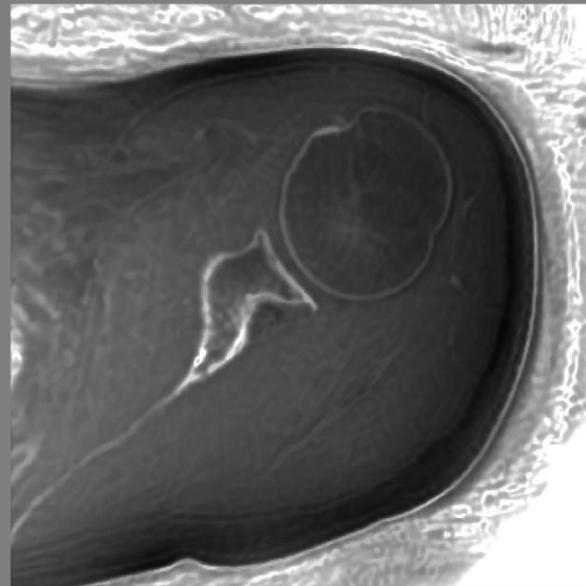
2-min Gridding



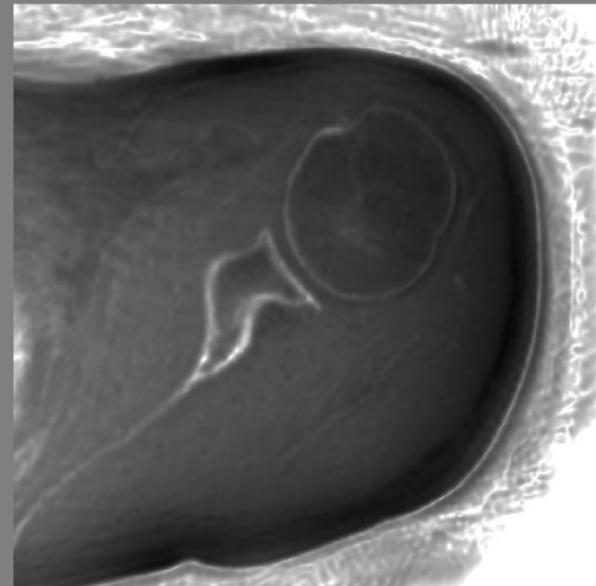
5-min CG-SENSE+DLR



3-min CG-SENSE+DLR



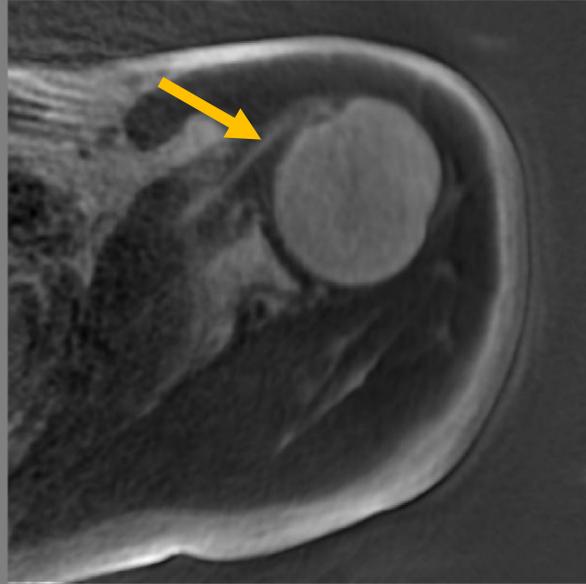
2-min CG-SENSE+DLR



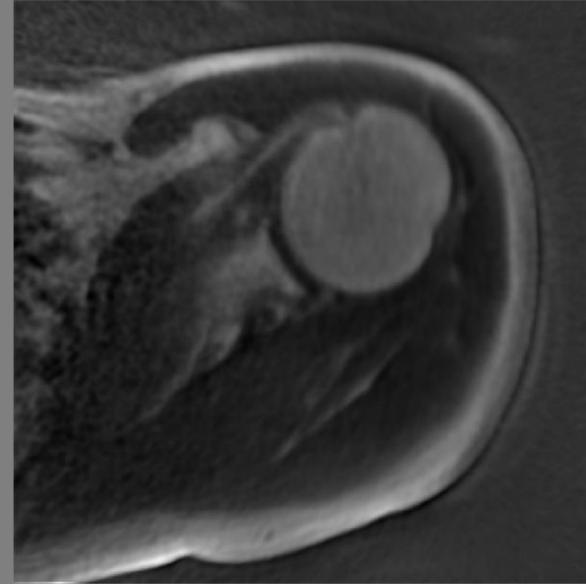
Arrow is pointing to Tendon

Visualization of Ultrashort-T2* Tissues

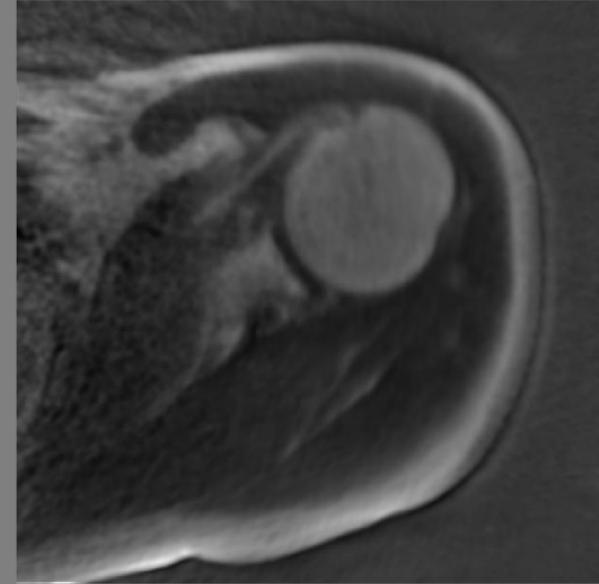
5-min Gridding



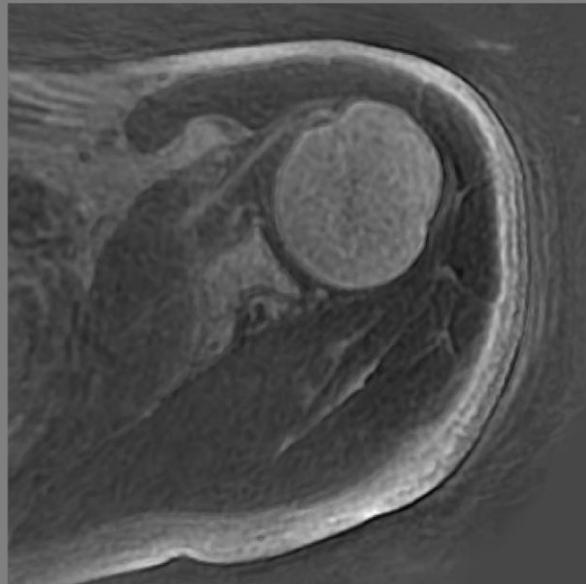
3-min Gridding



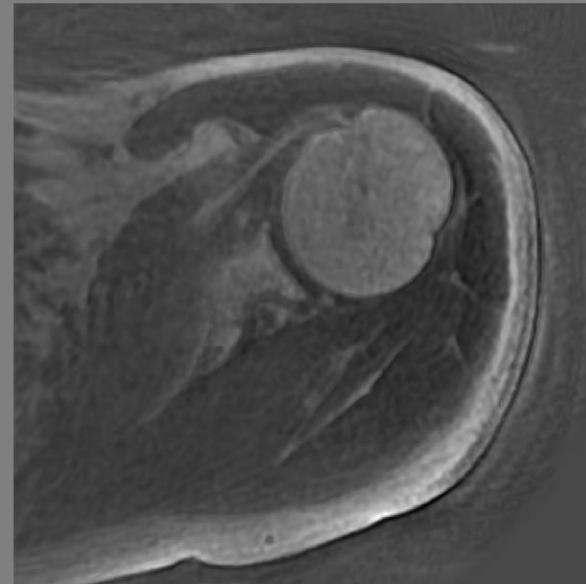
2-min Gridding



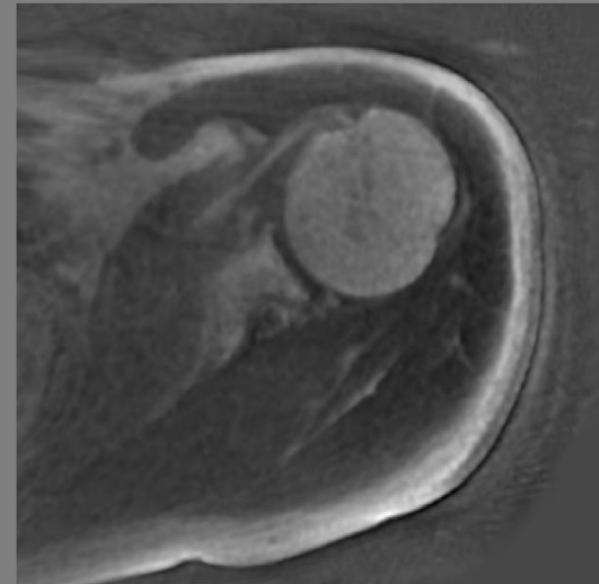
5-min CG-SENSE+DLR



3-min CG-SENSE+DLR



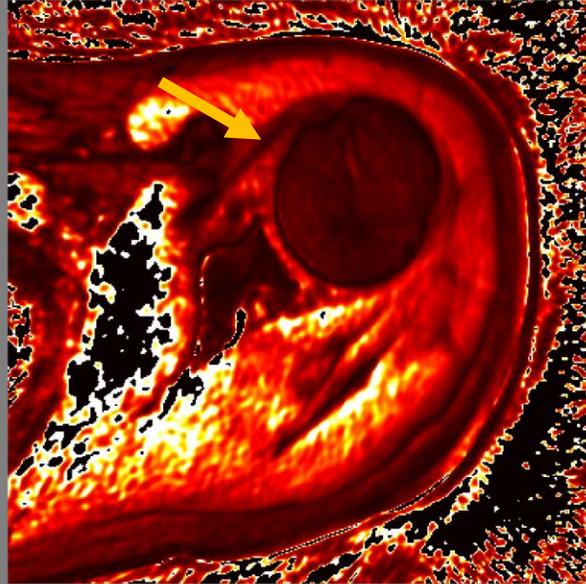
2-min CG-SENSE+DLR



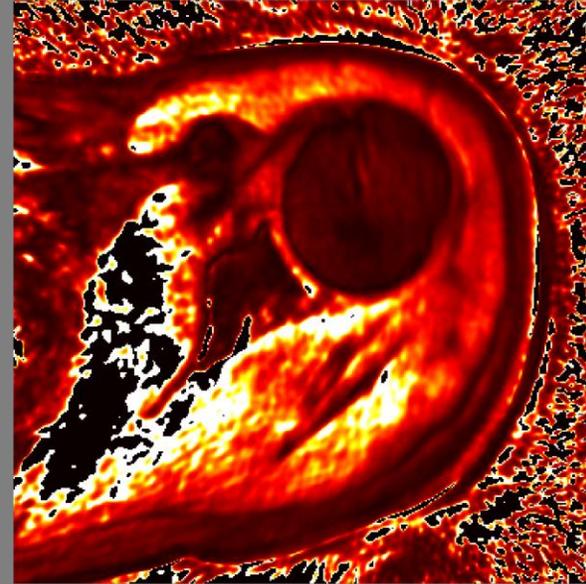
Arrow is pointing to Tendon

Quantitative T2* Maps

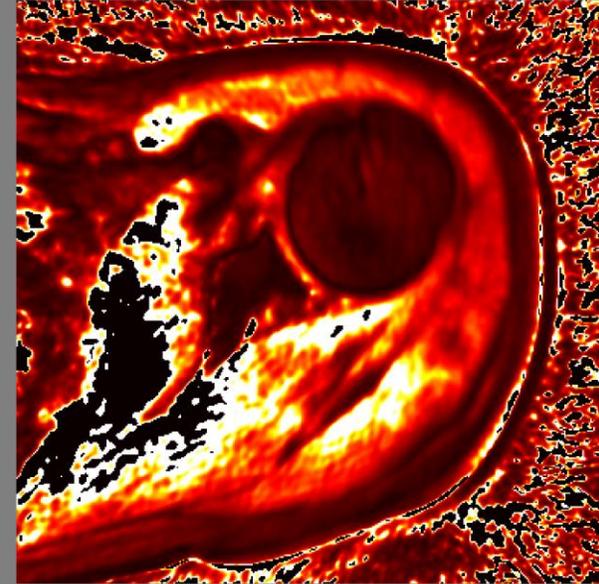
5-min Gridding



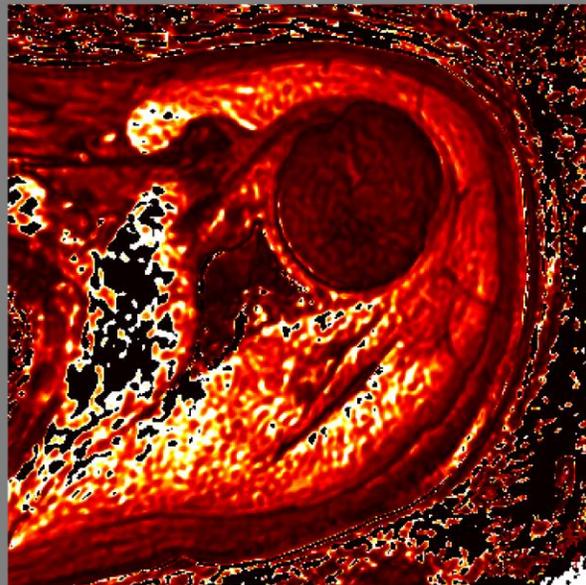
3-min Gridding



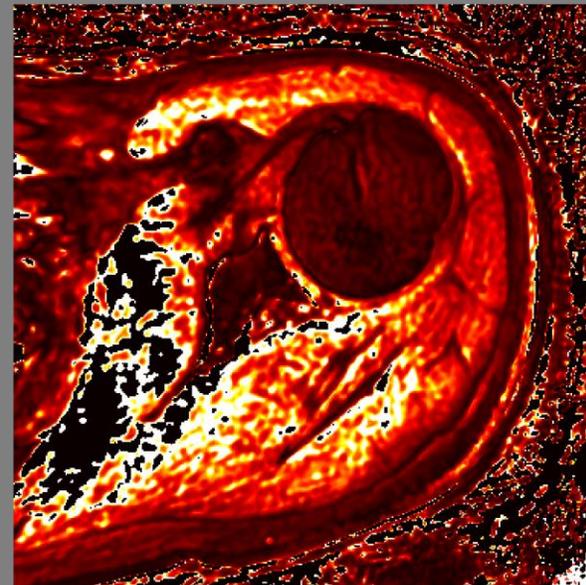
2-min Gridding



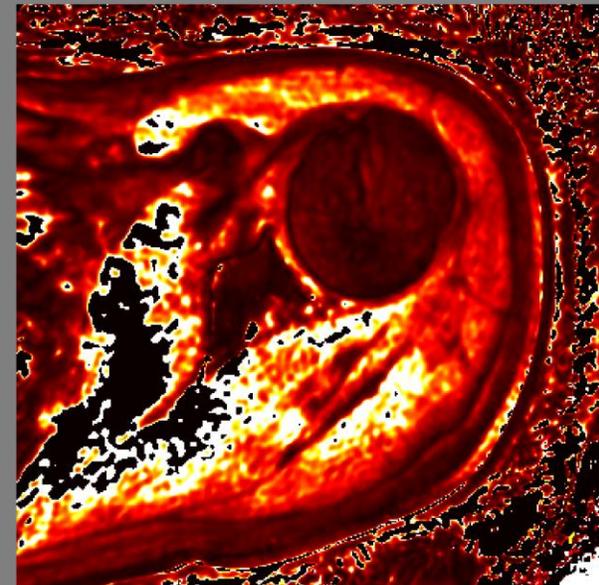
5-min CG-SENSE+DLR



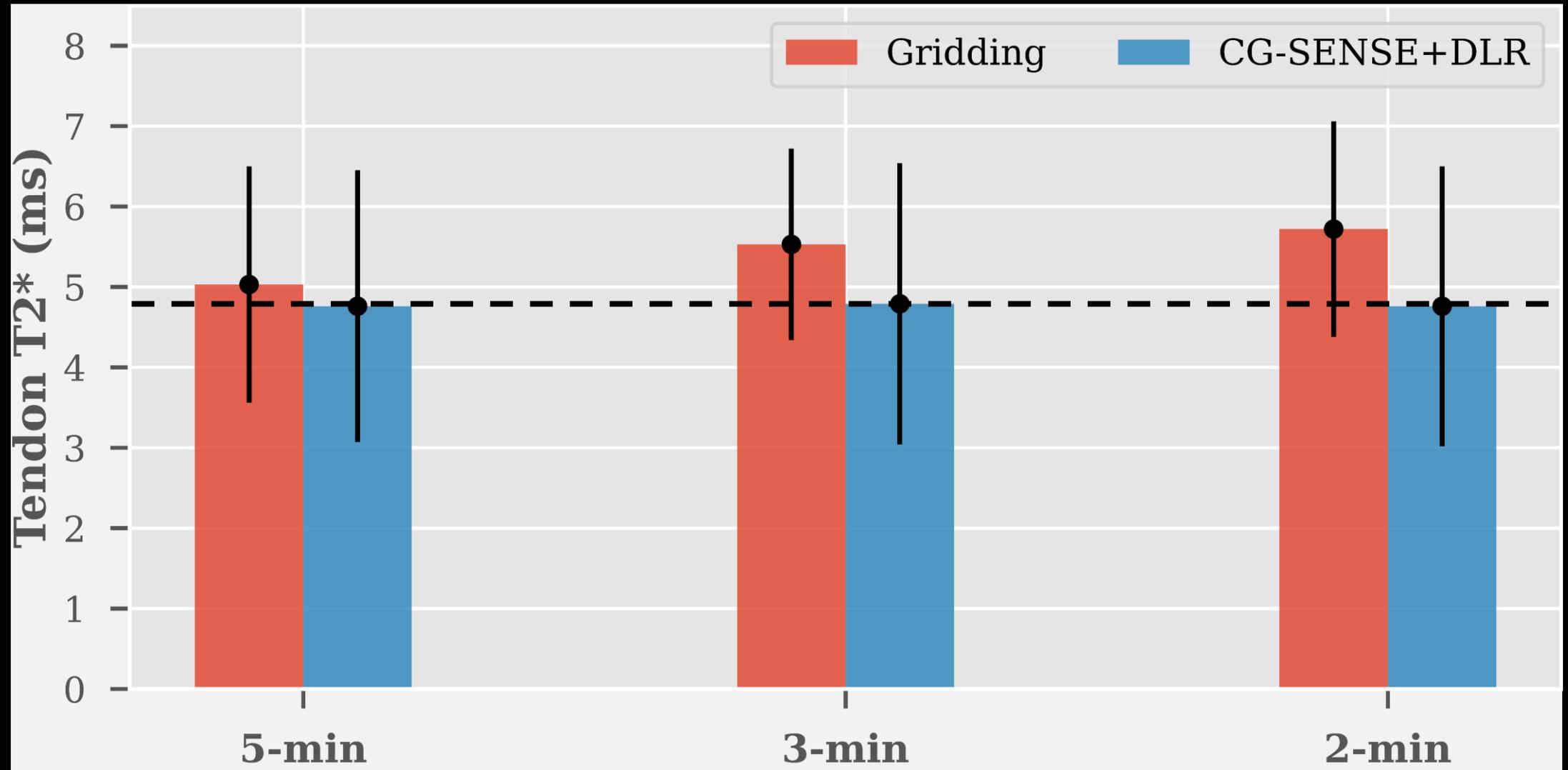
3-min CG-SENSE+DLR



2-min CG-SENSE+DLR

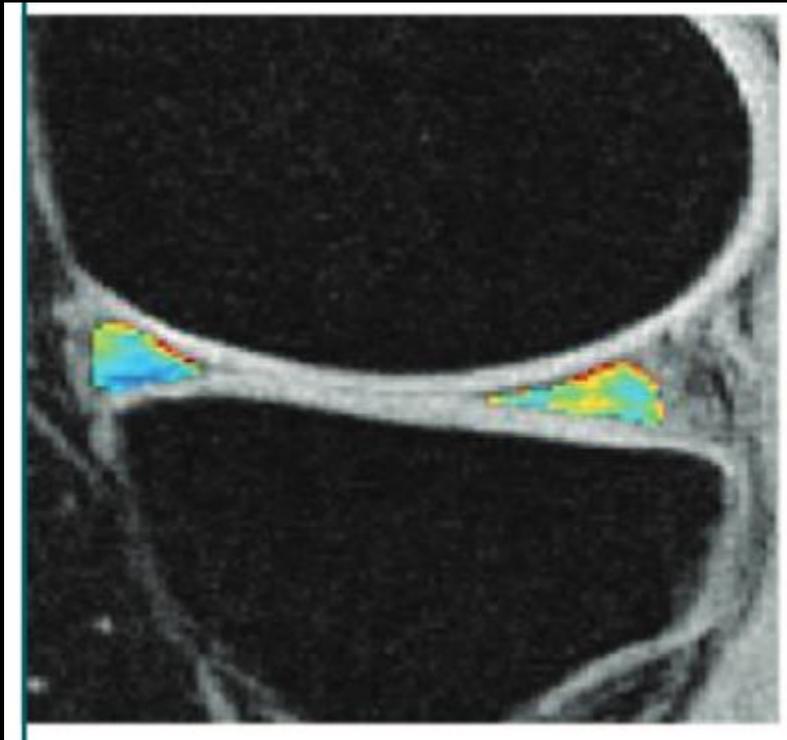


Tendon's Quantitative T2* Measures

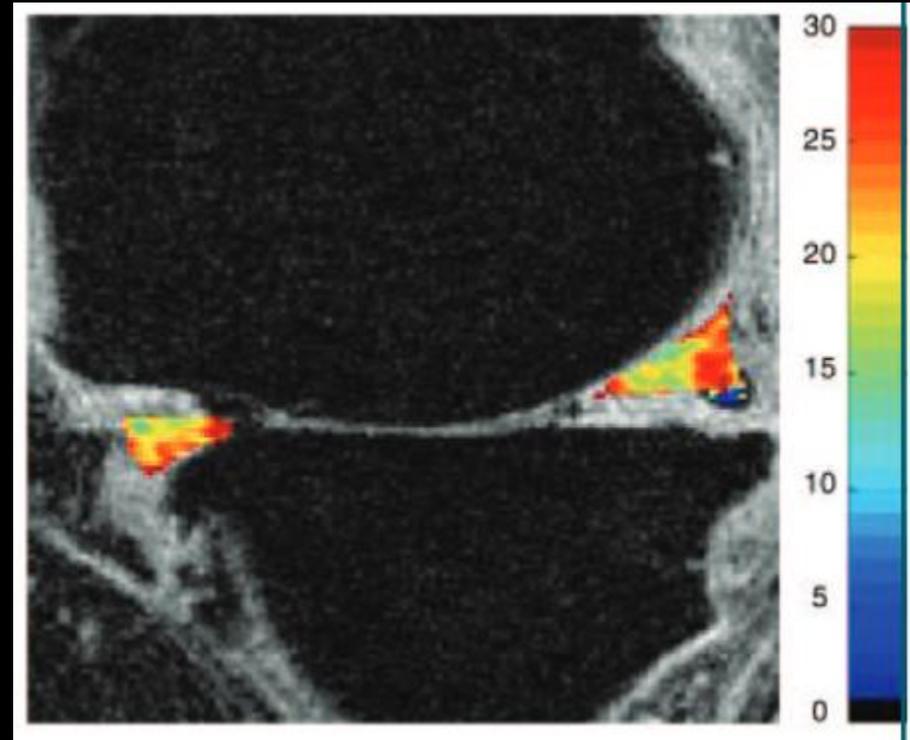


T2* Elevations associated with Disease

Healthy
Control



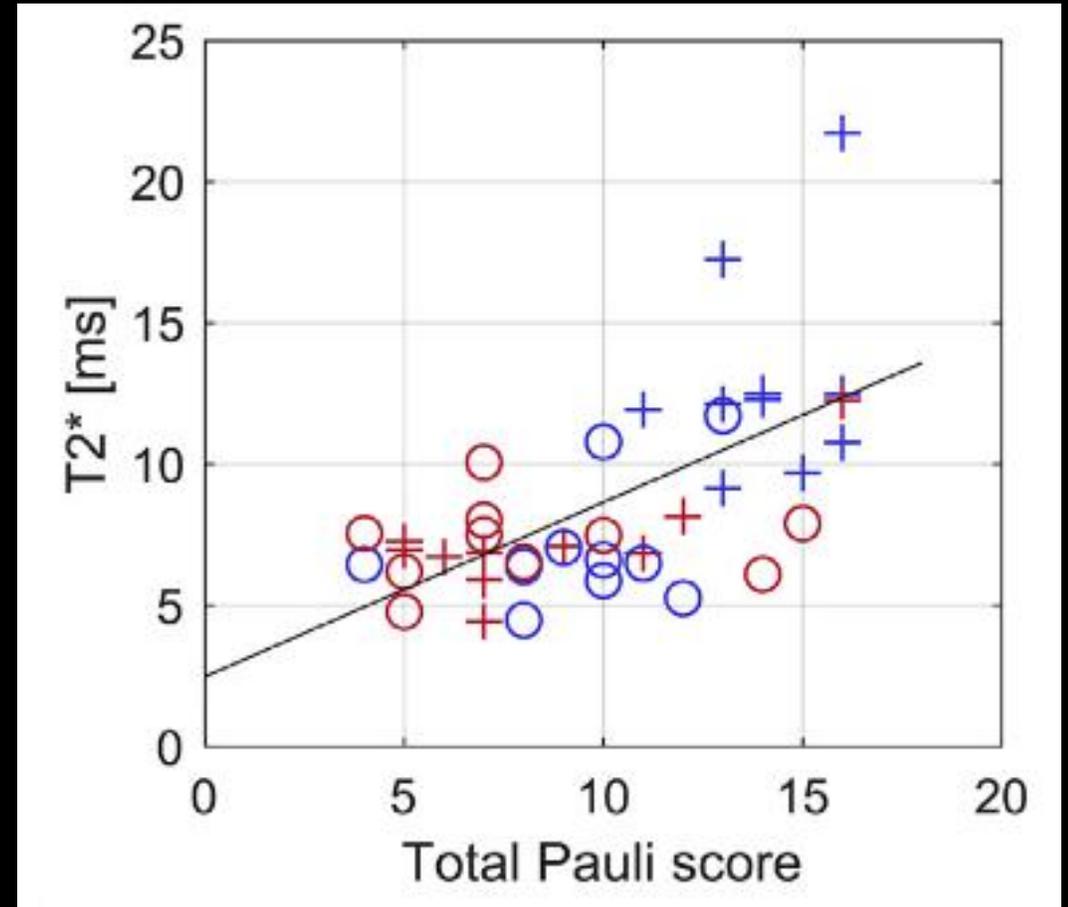
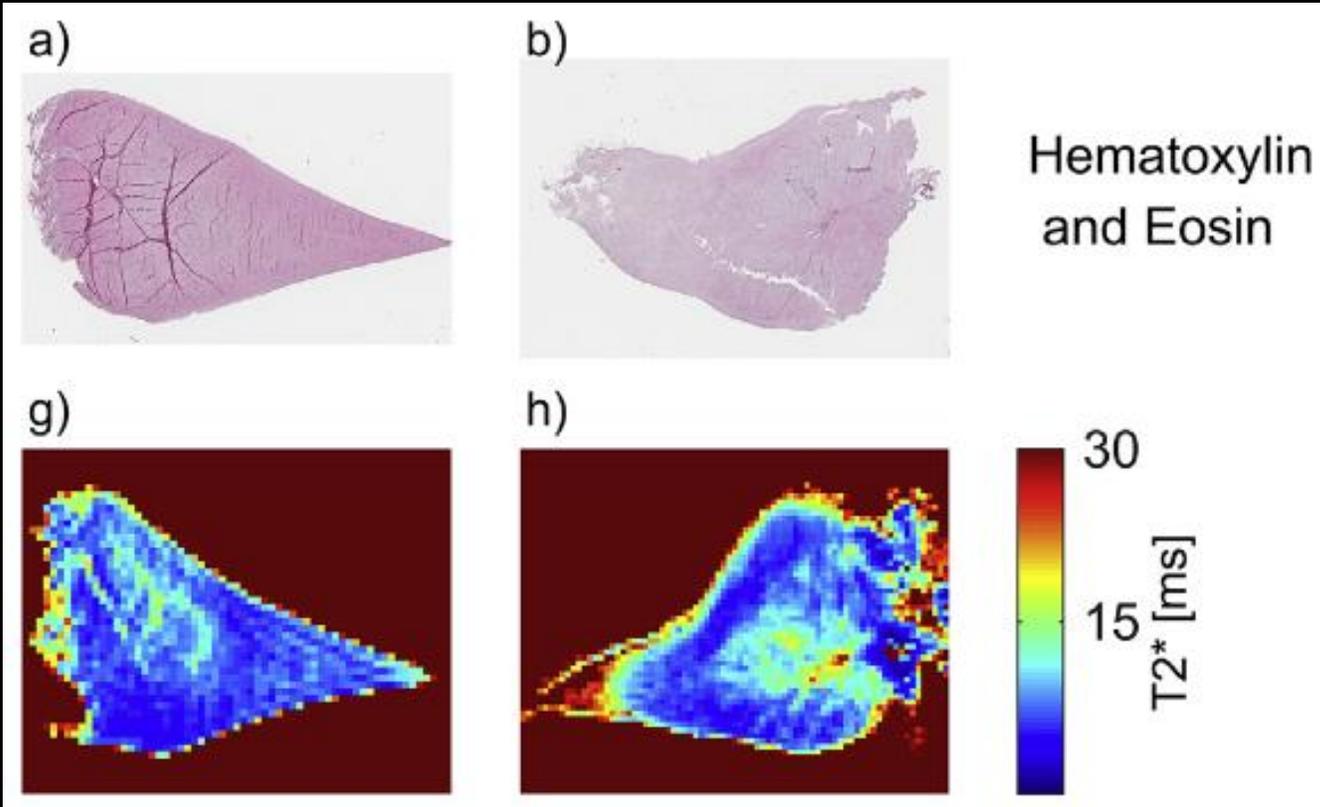
Patient with
osteoarthritis (OA)



T2* Elevations associated with Disease

Normal
Score = 4

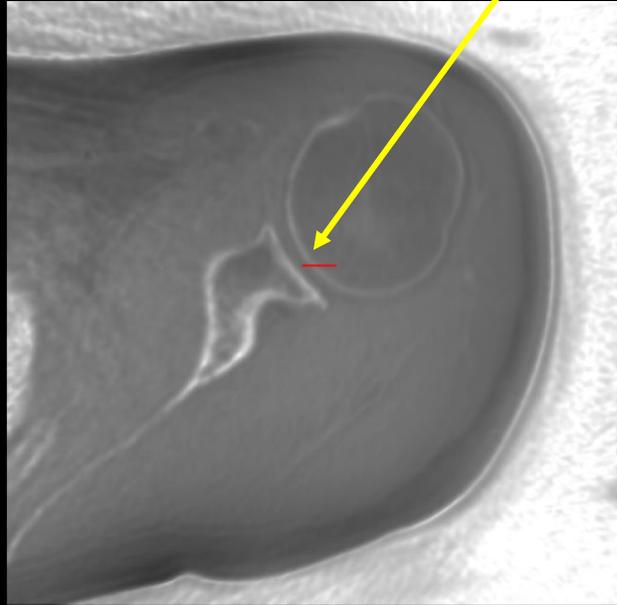
Degenerated
Score = 13



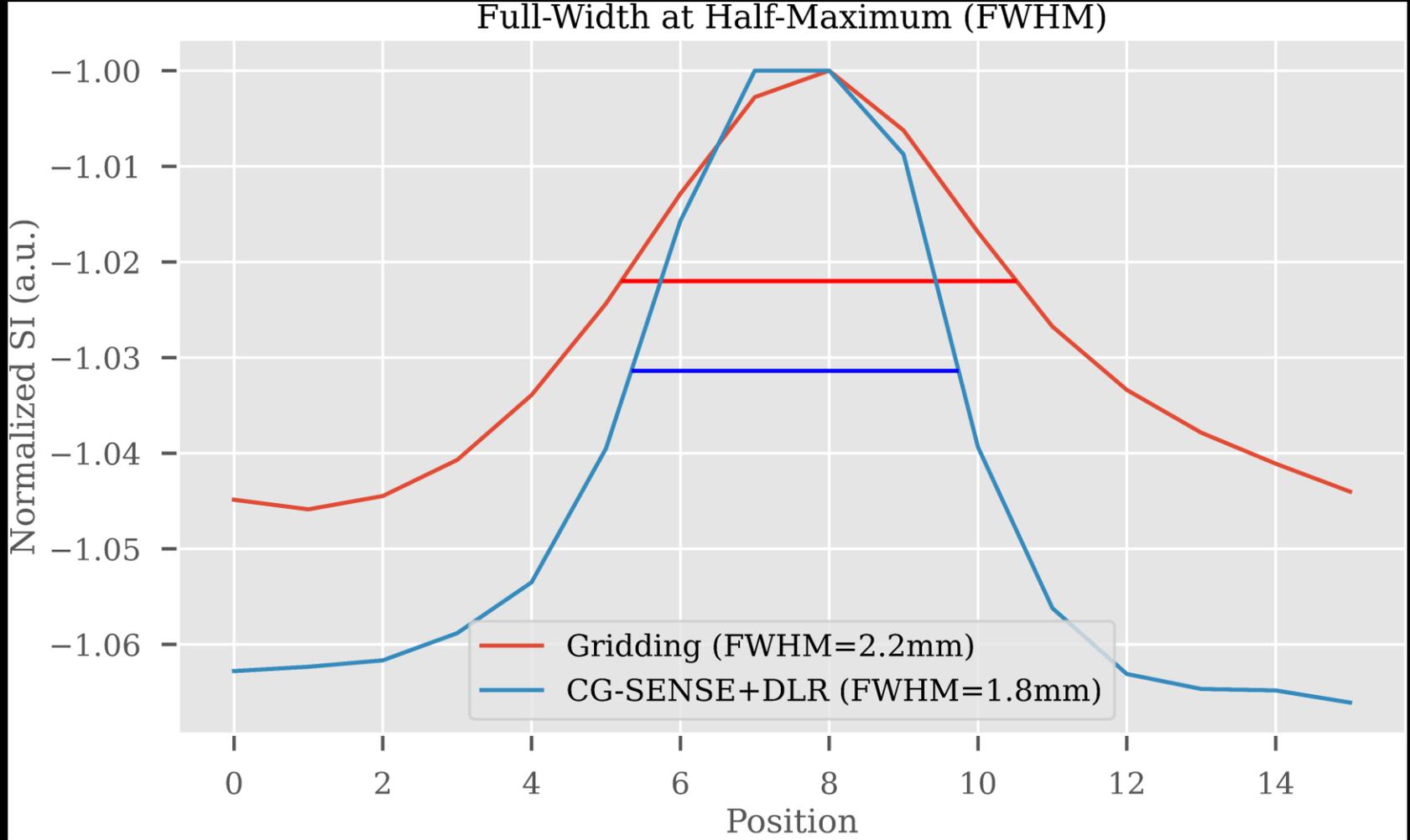
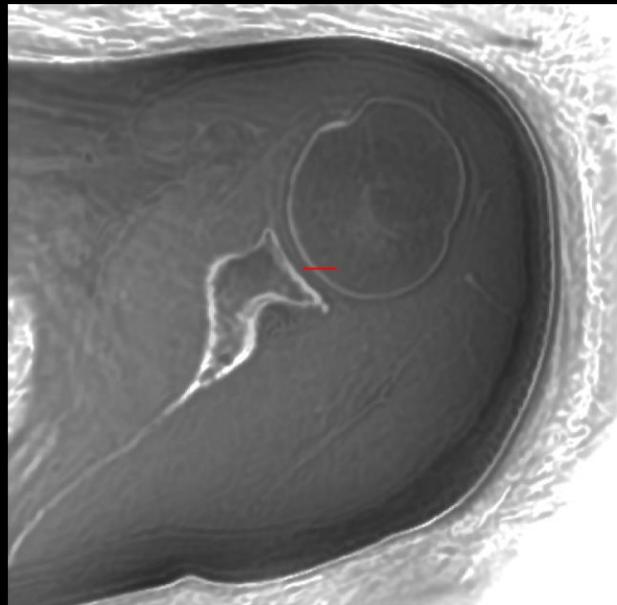
Gridding

Line Profile

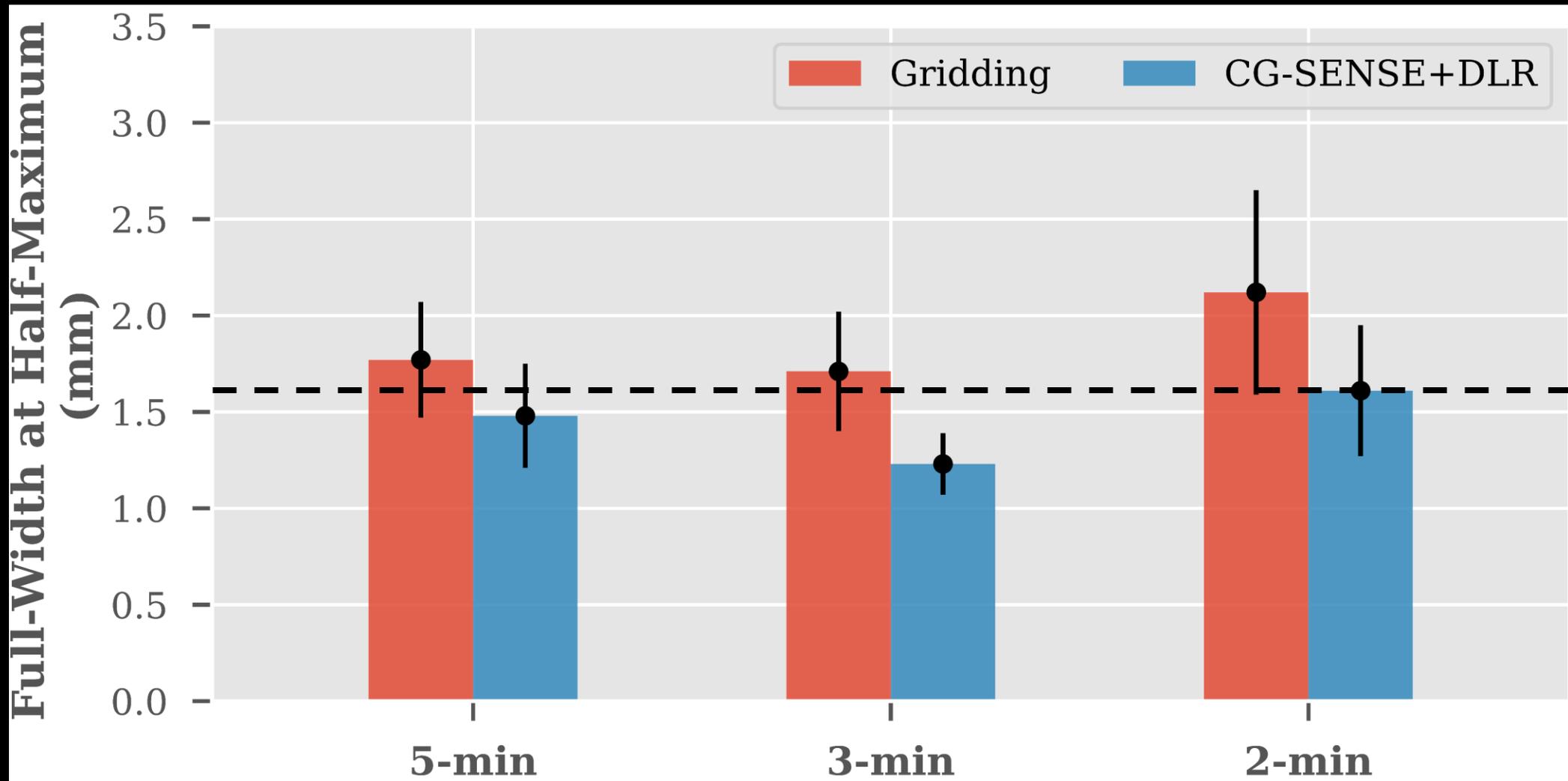
Quantify Resolution



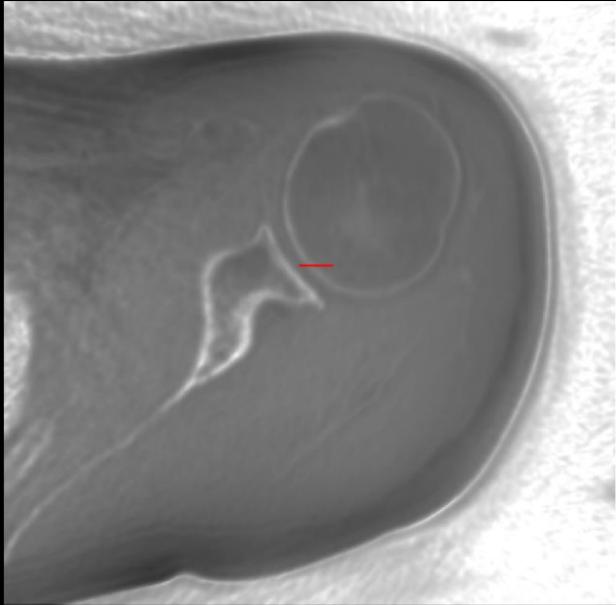
CG-SENSE+DLR



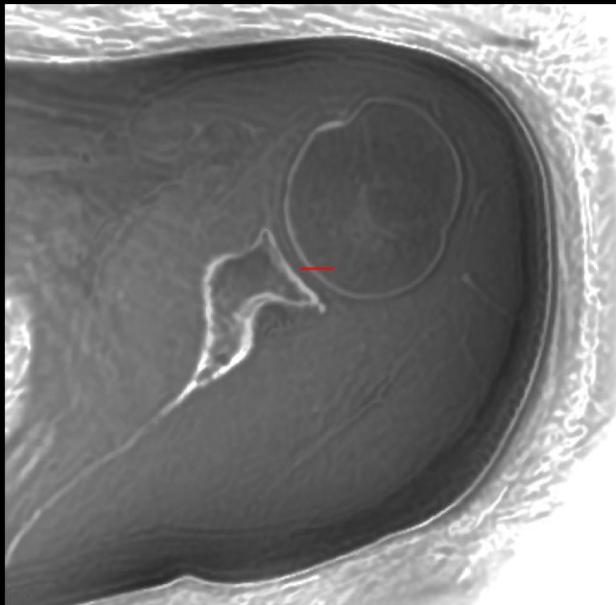
~23% higher Resolution with CG-SENSE+DLR



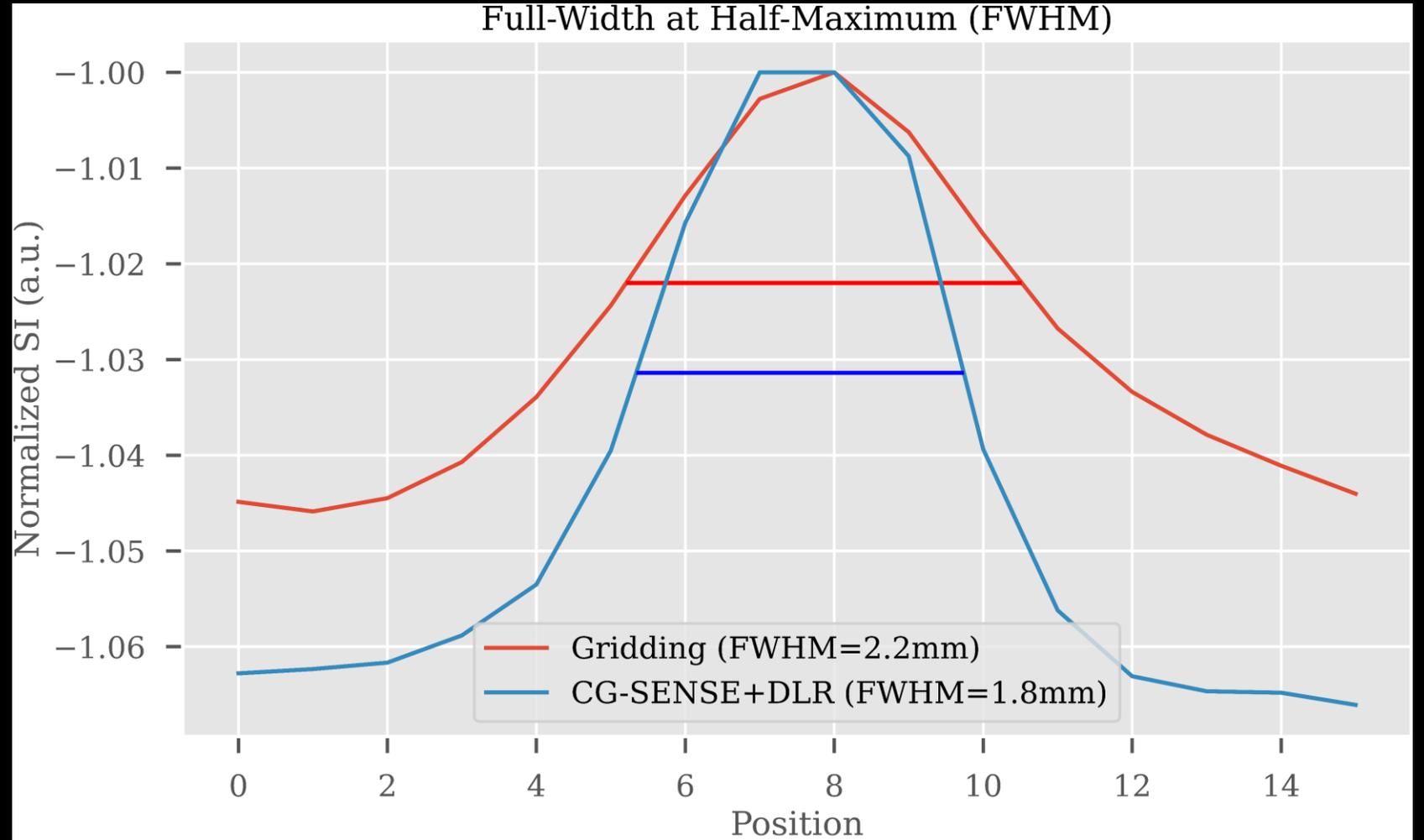
Gridding



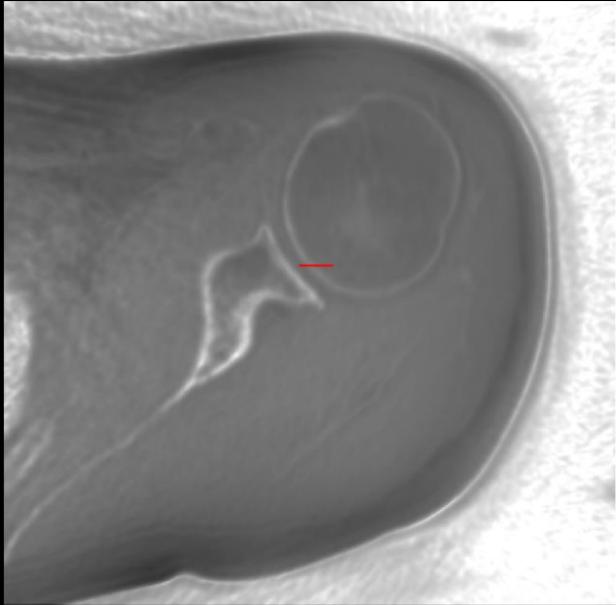
CG-SENSE+DLR



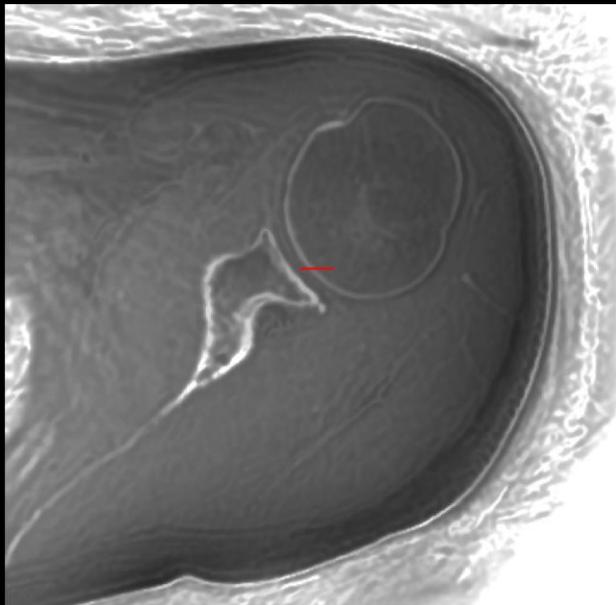
Quantify Image Sharpness using Relative Edge Sharpness (RESH)



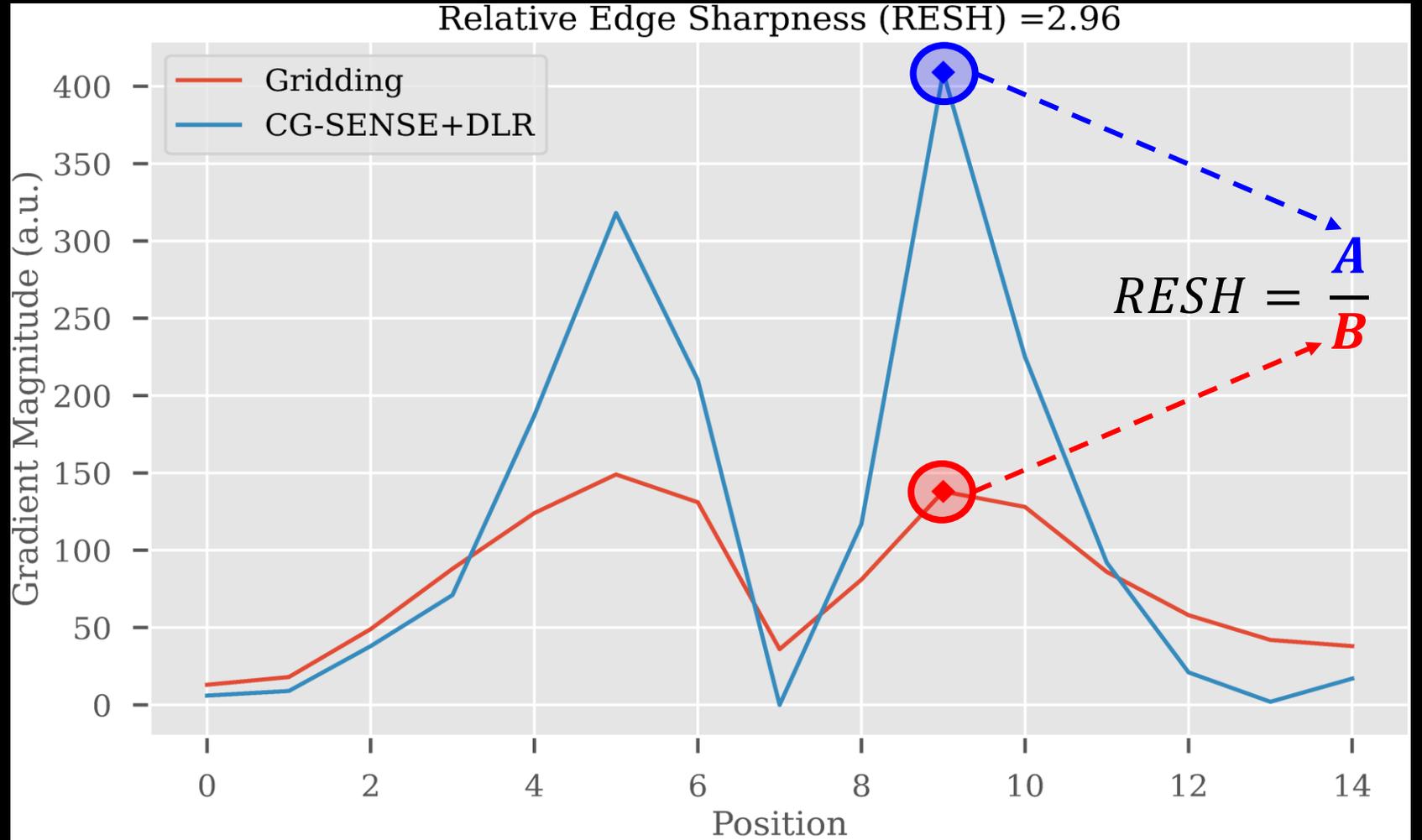
Gridding



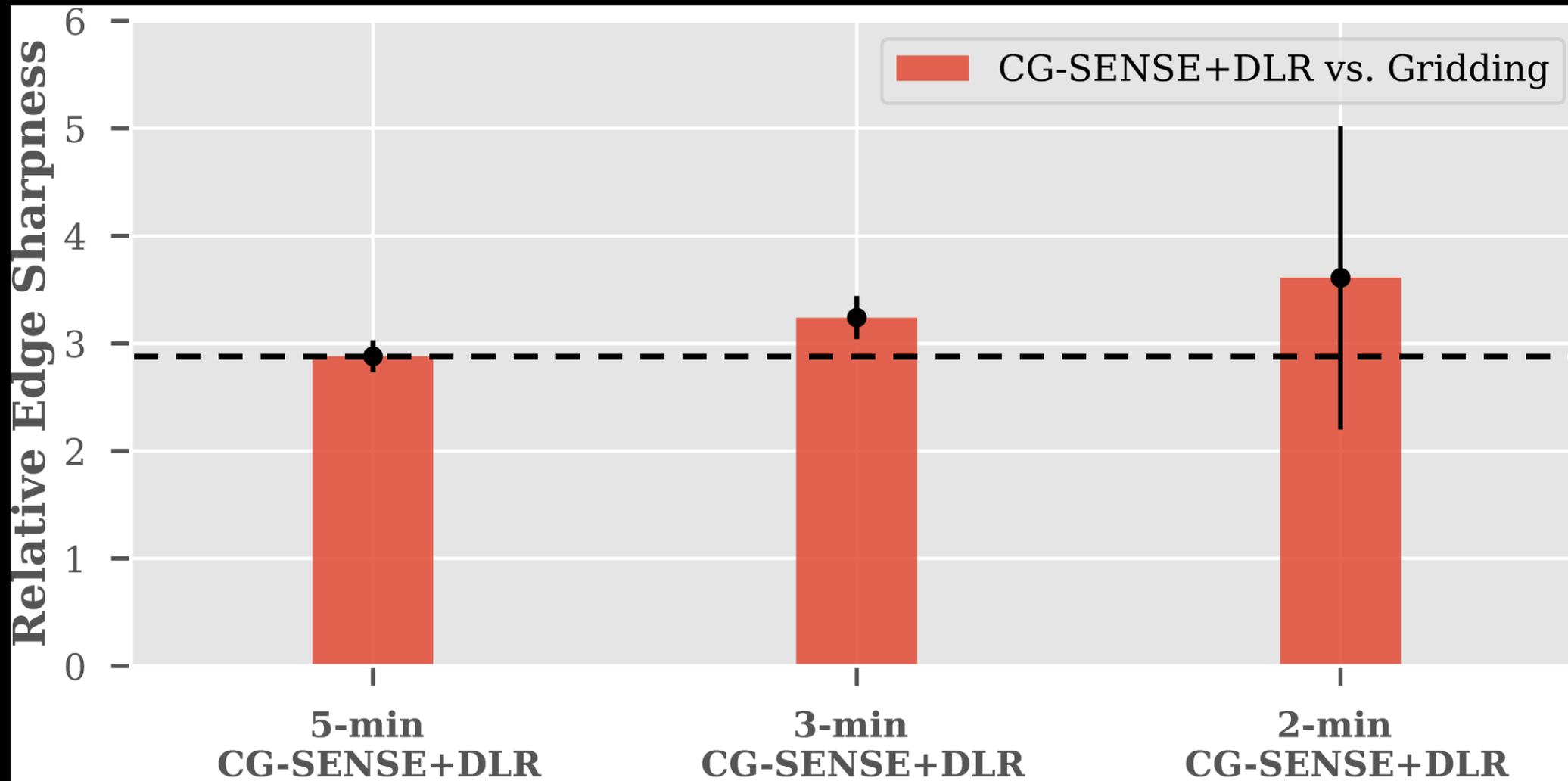
CG-SENSE+DLR



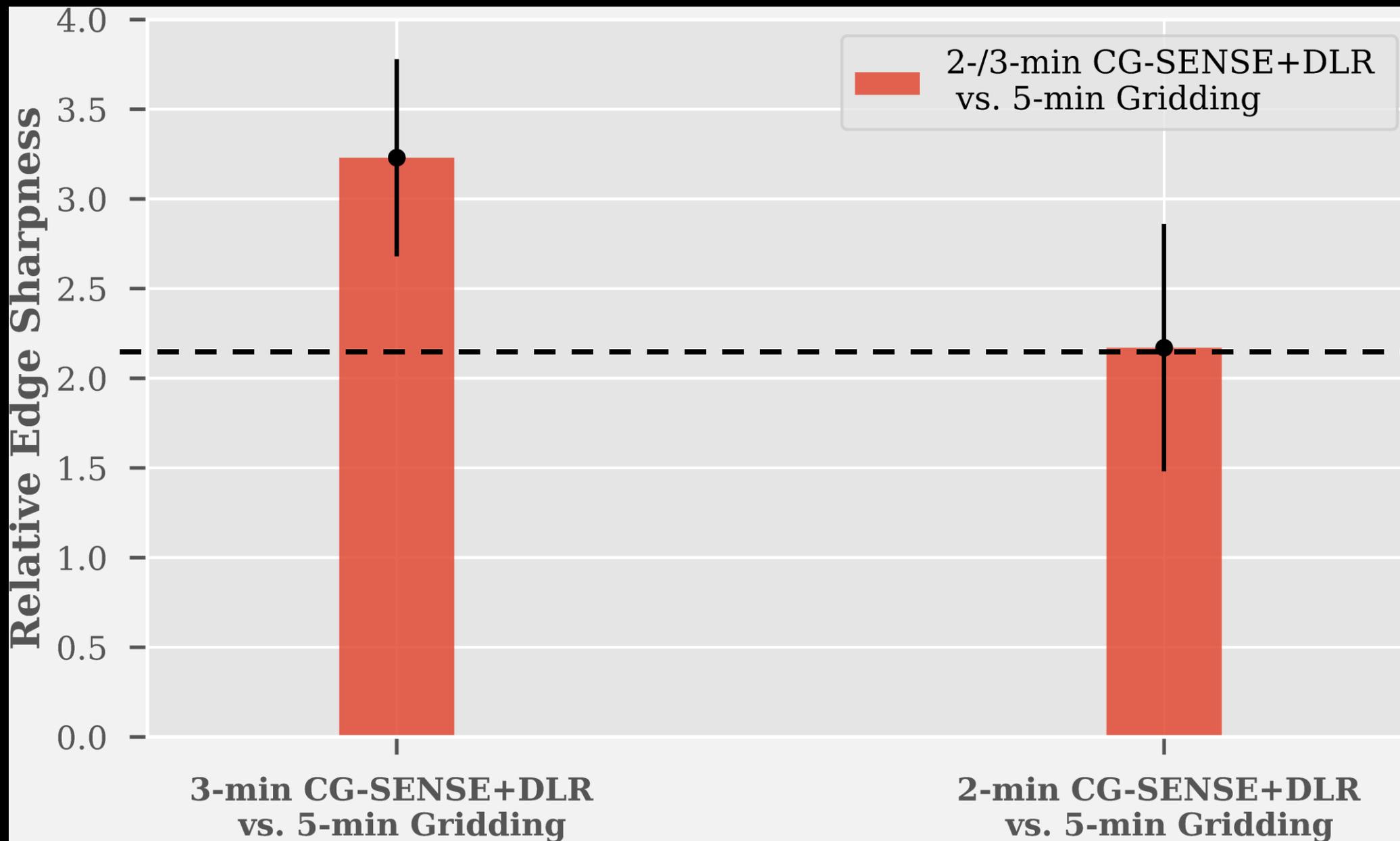
Quantify Image Sharpness using Relative Edge Sharpness (RESH)



~3X higher Image Sharpness with CG-SENSE+DLR



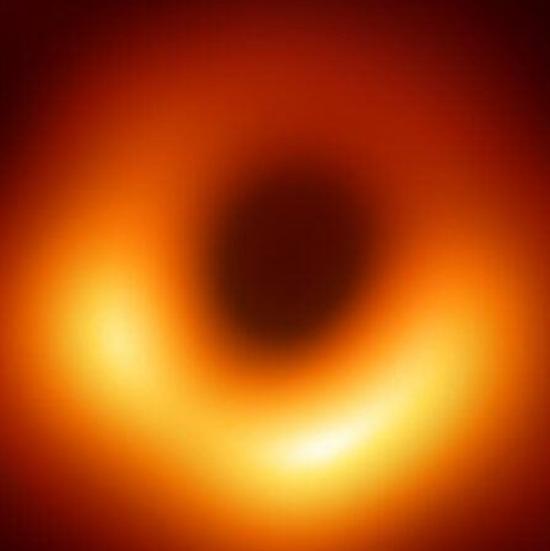
~3X higher Image Sharpness with CG-SENSE+DLR



Conclusion

- CG-SENSE+DLR *improves resolution and image sharpness* compared to conventional gridding reconstruction.
 - CG-SENSE+DLR enables *3- and 2-min mecho-UTE* with *higher resolution and image sharpness* vs. *5-min mecho-UTE* with conventional Gridding reconstruction.
 - Routine FSE2D+mecho-UTE may enable *one-stop-shop for MSK Imaging*.
 - Future work will focus on
 - *(1) head-to-head comparison with CT* in patients
 - *(2) further improving resolution using DL-based super-resolution*
-

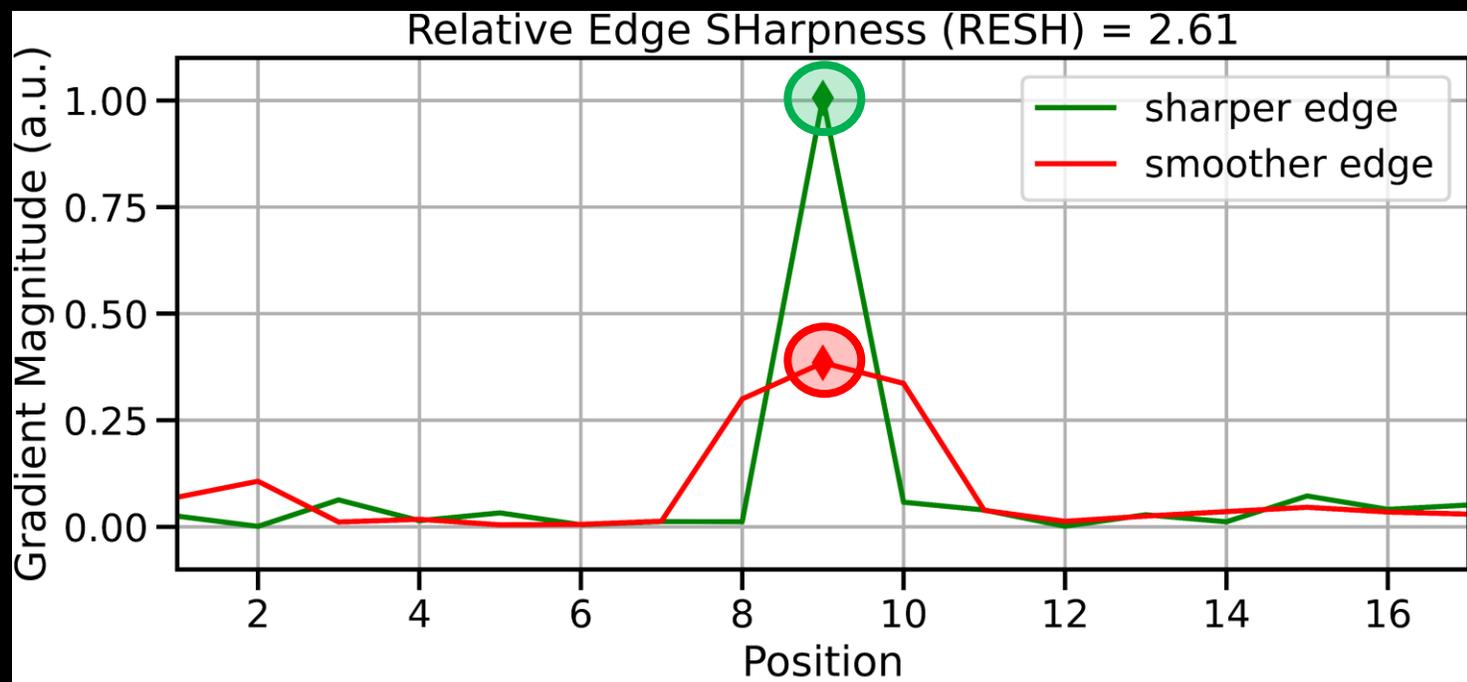
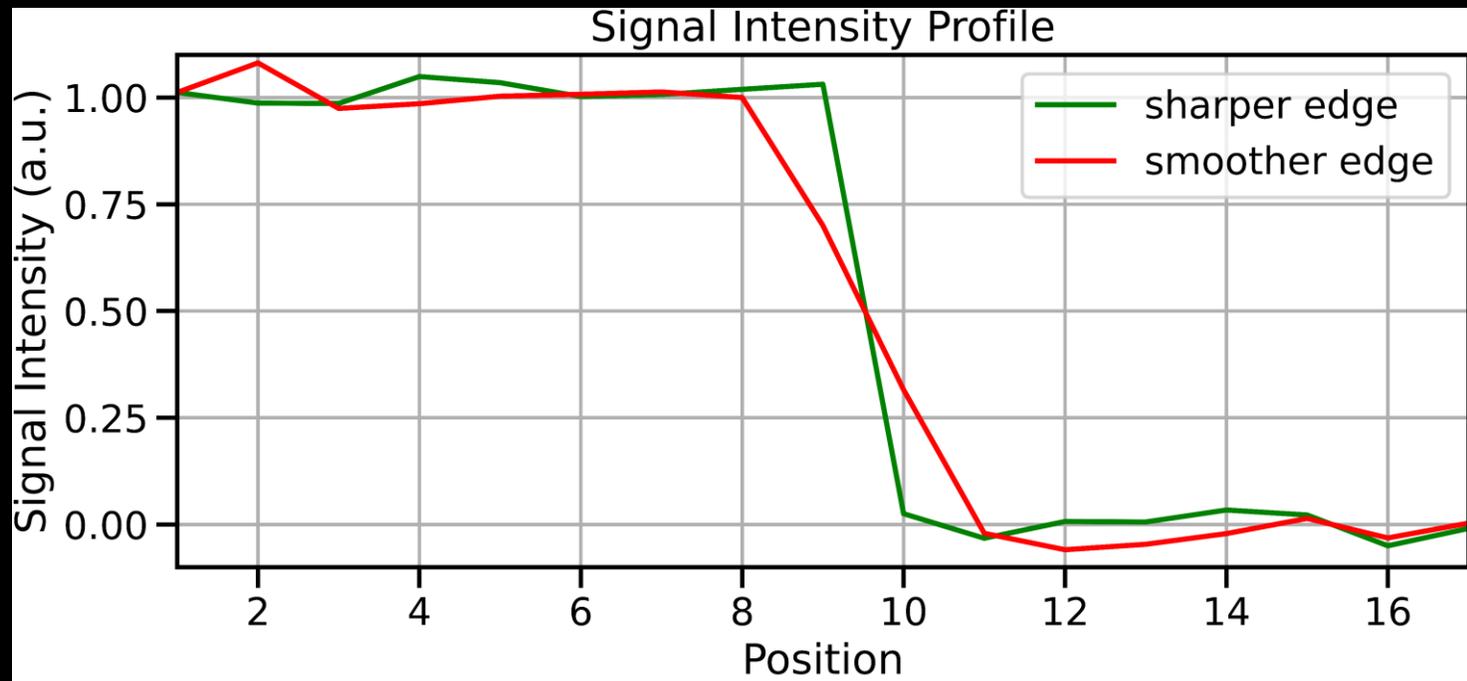
"See the Unseeable¹" *The first-ever image of a black hole*



Thank you!

[1]. <https://news.harvard.edu/gazette/story/2019/04/harvard-scientists-lead-team-revealing-black-hole/>

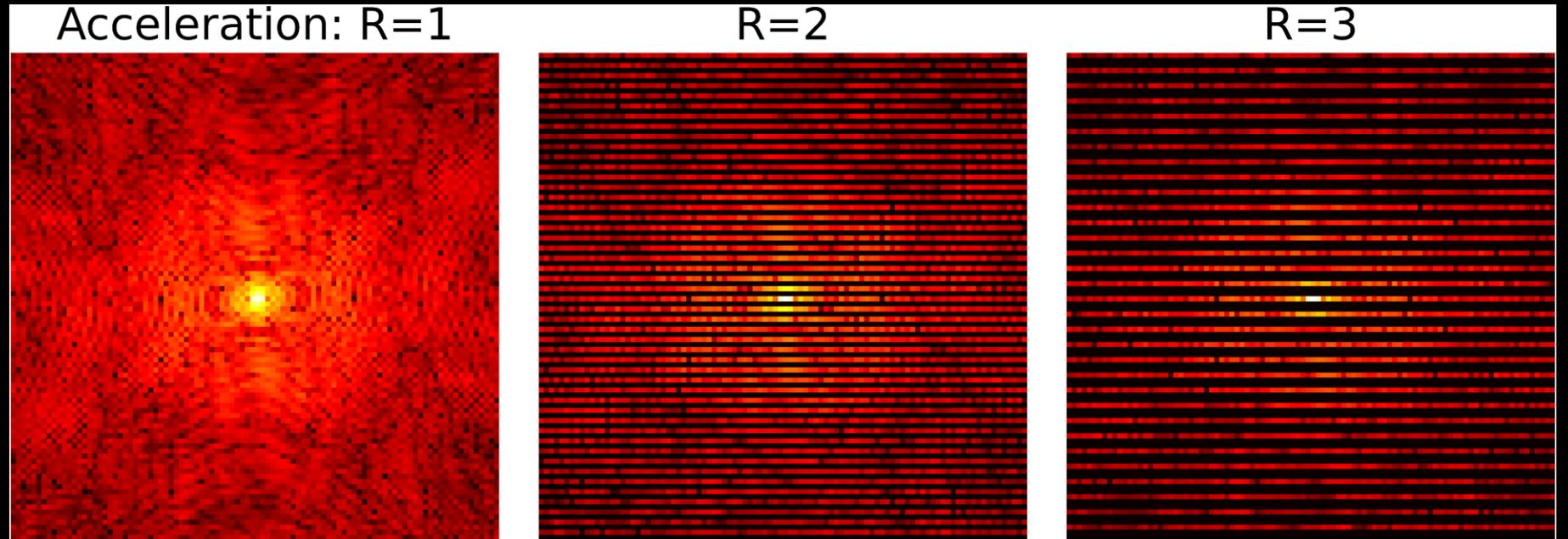
Quantify Image Sharpness using Relative Edge Sharpness (RESH)



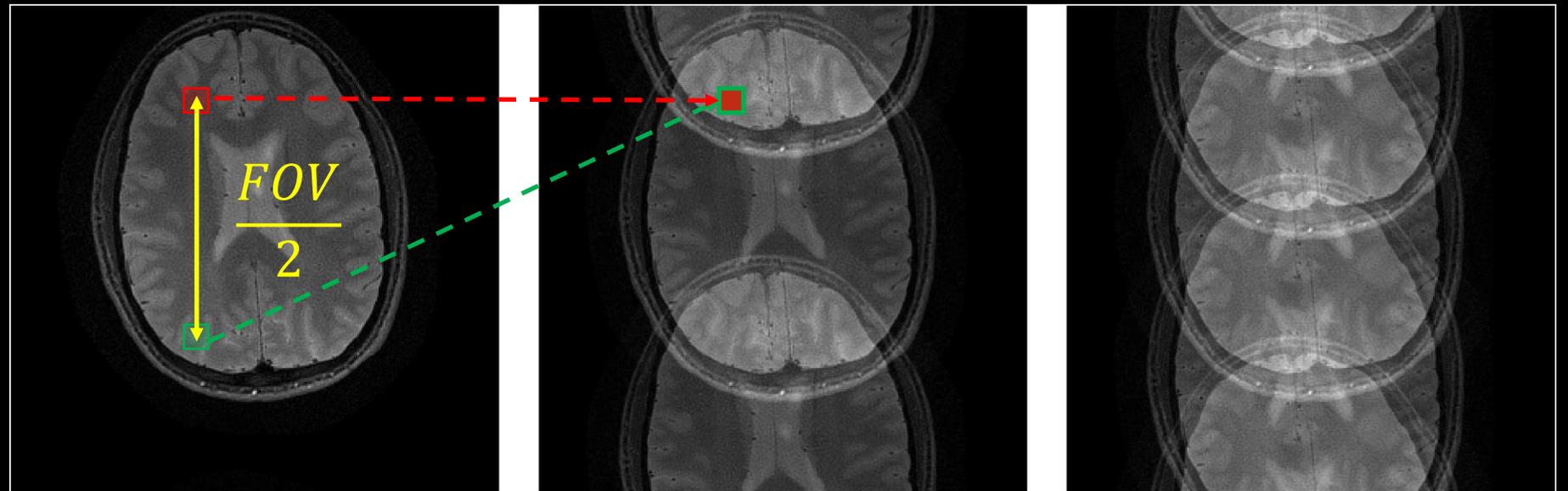
SENSE

*Sensitivity Encoding:
Parallel Imaging for
Cartesian k-space*

Cartesian
k-space

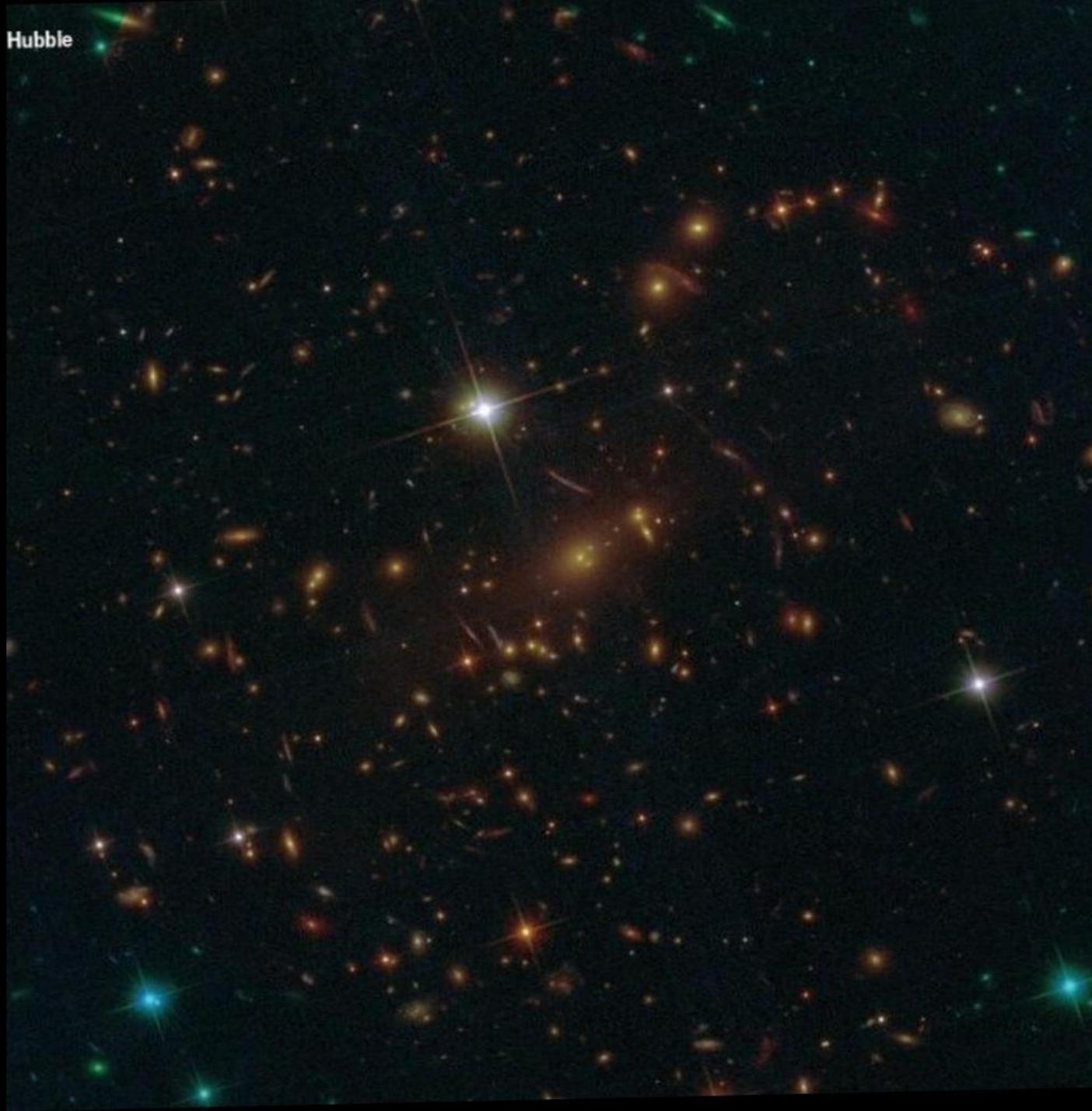


Cartesian
image space



Hubble

Hubble (prior to 2022)

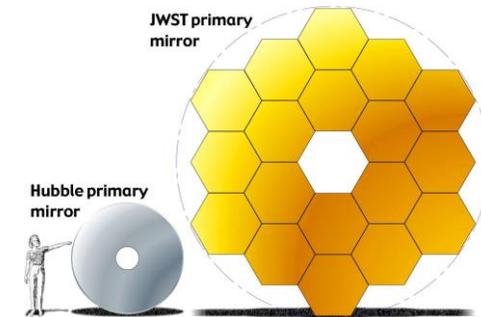


- esahubble.org/images/opo0318c/
- science.nasa.gov/mission/hubble/observatory/hubble-vs-webb/
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Webb%27s_First_Deep_Field
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hubble_Space_Telescope
- en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:JWST_people.jpg

Hubble
(prior to 2022)



James Webb (2022)
>6X light-gathering
power

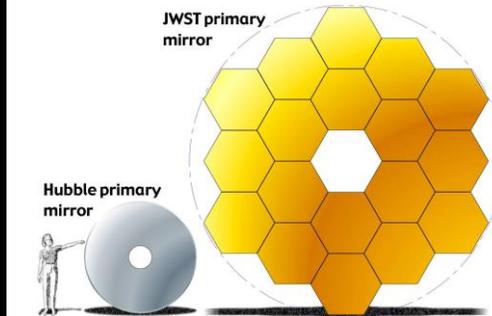
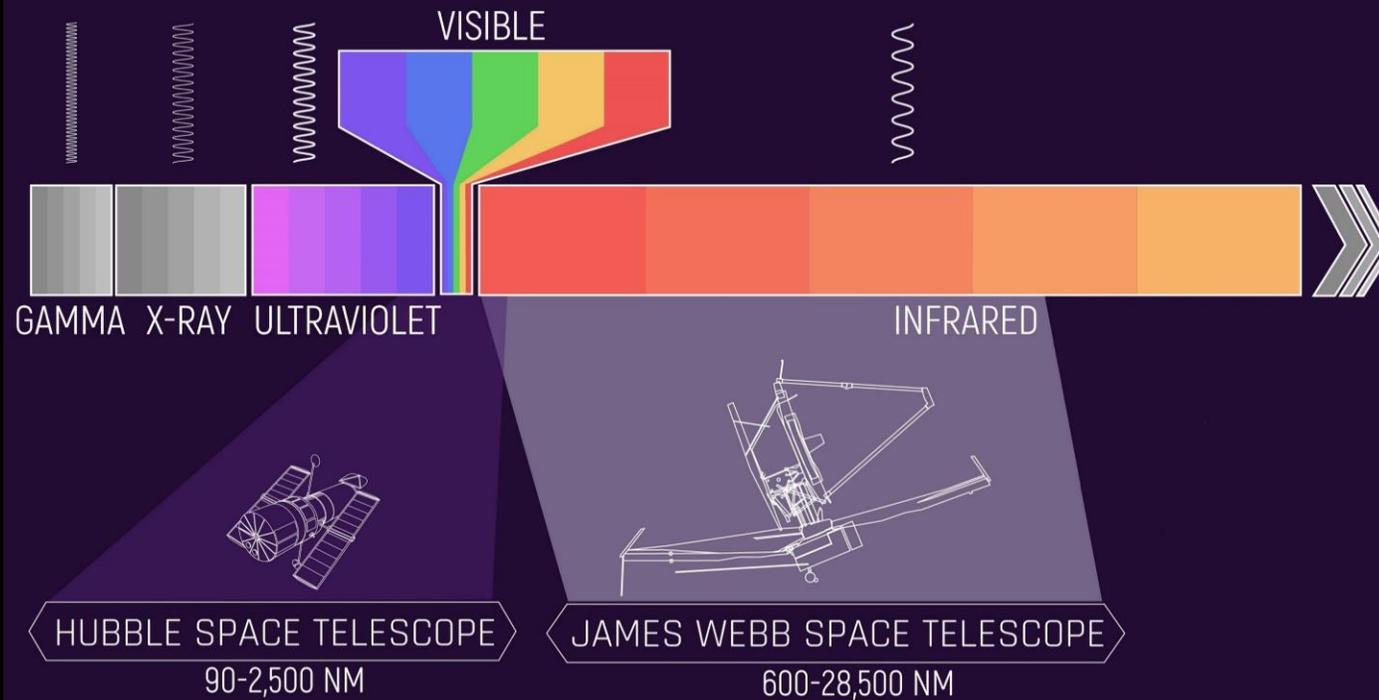


- esahubble.org/images/opo0318c/
- science.nasa.gov/mission/hubble/observatory/hubble-vs-webb/
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:James_Webb_Space_Telescope_-_First_Deep_Field
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hubble_Space_Telescope
- en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:JWST_people.jpg

Hubble
(prior to 2022)



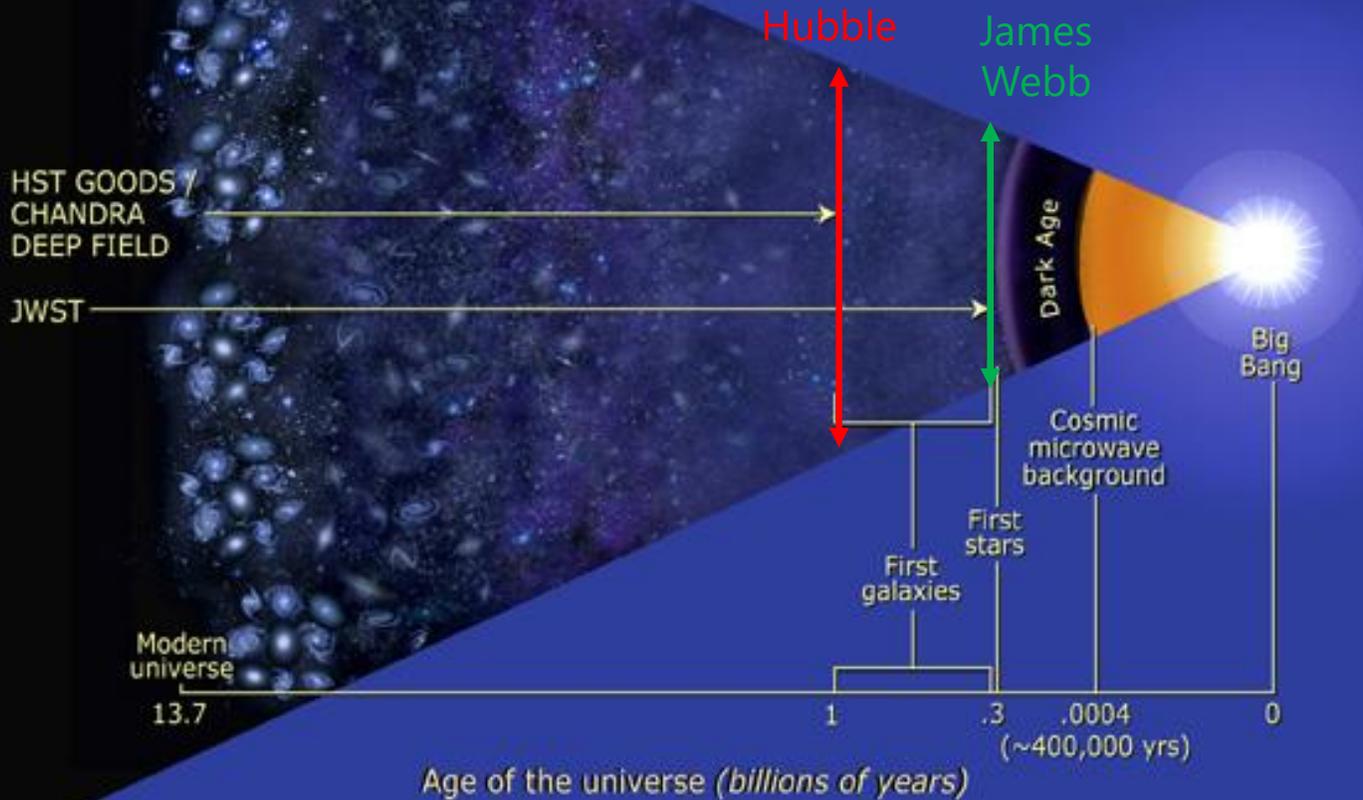
James Webb (2022)
>6X light-gathering
power



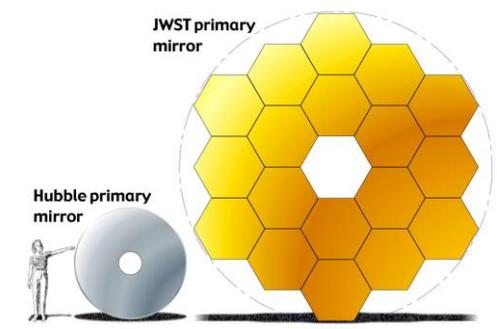
- esahubble.org/images/opo0318c/
- science.nasa.gov/mission/hubble/observatory/hubble-vs-webb/
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:James_Webb_Space_Telescope_-_First_Deep_Field.jpg
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hubble_Space_Telescope#/media/File:Hubble_Space_Telescope.jpg
- en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:JWST_people.jpg

Seeing back into the cosmos

Hubble
(prior to 2022)



James Webb (2022)
>6X light-gathering power



HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE
90-2,500 NM

JAMES WEBB SPACE TELESCOPE
600-28,500 NM

- esahubble.org/images/opo0318c/
- science.nasa.gov/mission/hubble/observatory/hubble-vs-webb/
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:JWST_people.jpg
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:JWST_people.jpg
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:JWST_people.jpg
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:JWST_people.jpg

New research puts age of universe at 26.7 billion years, nearly twice as old as previously believed

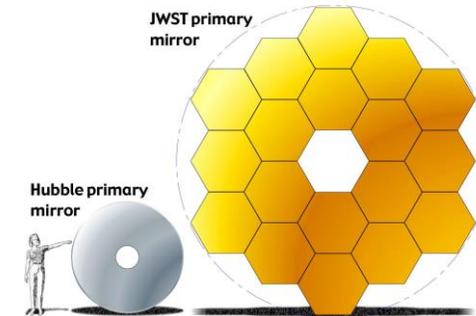
Hubble
(prior to 2022)



July 13 2023, by Bernard Rizk



James Webb (2022)
>6X light-gathering power



- esahubble.org/images/opo0318c/
- science.nasa.gov/mission/hubble/observatory/hubble-vs-webb/
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:James_Webb_Space_Telescope_-_Primary_Mirror.jpg
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope#/media/File:James_Webb_Space_Telescope_-_Primary_Mirror.jpg
- en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:JWST_people.jpg

Made For life

For over 100 years, the Canon Medical Systems `Made for Life' philosophy prevails as our ongoing commitment to humanity. Generations of inherited passion creates a legacy of medical innovation and service that continues to evolve as we do. By engaging the brilliant minds of many, we continue to set the benchmark, because we believe quality of life should be a given, not the exception.

Canon

CANON MEDICAL SYSTEMS USA, INC.